Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



LIBRARY
RECEITED

MAR 5 - 1953
U.S. Department of Agriculture



NURSERYMEN SINCE 1885

East Boxford Mass



SIX MONTHS' GUARANTEE: We guarantee to furnish nursery stock in first class condition so that with proper aftercare, losses will be reduced to a minimum. Should any stock purchased at our retail prices fail to grow within six months, we will resupply; however, any labor incidental to planting replacements must be paid by the purchaser.

Should we not have the same plants in stock we reserve the right to give credit for the amount paid or supply other plants of equal value.

We will cheerfully resupply any plant found not true to name, or we will refund the amount paid for the same, but it is mutually understood that at no time shall we be held responsible for a greater sum than the purchase price. Our guarantee is void on accounts not paid within thirty days after date of invoice.

HARLAN P. KELSEY, INC.

Masken Masken Masken



CONES OF FRASER FIR

GENERAL ALPHABETICAL LISTING OF EVERGREEN, BROADLEAF EVERGREEN AND DECIDUOUS TREES AND SHRUBS

Note: Figures immediately following names indicate the approximate heights reached by the trees and shrubs under normal conditions, first under cultivation, and them in their natural habitats.

Hv. — Horticultural Variety; these do not come true from seed; they are either "polybrids" or selected "clons" of polybrids.

 $X-{
m Hybrid}$; a cross between parents of different species or varieties.

B&B means plant is dug with ball of earth and burlapped.

ABIES fraseri, Fraser Balsam Fir, 35-60 ft. Dark green, pyramidal.	ACER platanoides, Norway Maple, 80-100 ft. A fine shade or street tree. Yellow-green flowers in
18-24 in. B&B	spring, bright green leaves turning yellow in fall.
2-3 ft. B&B	8-10 ft
3-4 ft. B&B	10-12 ft
1.0 10.000	ACER rubrum, RED MAPLE, 60-120 ft.
ABIES homolepis, Nikko Fir, 60-80 ft.	Red flowers in early spring, brilliant red autumn
Broadly pyramidal species, dark lustrous leaves.	coloring. One of the finest ornamental trees.
4-5 ft. B&B	8-10 ft
5-6 ft. B&B	10-12 ft
6-7 ft. B&B	12-14 ft
10-12 ft, B&B	ACER saccharum, Sugar Maple, 60-120 ft.
12-14 ft. B&B	Light greenish yellow flowers in spring, leaves bright
14-10 It. B&B	orange-scarlet and yellow in autumn.
ABIES lasiocarpa arizonica, Corkbark Fir, 40-90 ft.	8-10 ft
Blue-green leaves and interesting corky bark, narrow	10-12 ft
pyramidal.	12-14 ft
2-3 ft. B&B	AH ANTHUS -hisima T A
3-4 ft. B&B	AILANTHUS altissima, TREEOFHEAVEN AILANTHUS, 40-120 ft.
5-6 ft. B&B	
	Fine tree with handsome foliage. Especially valuable for difficult city conditions.
ACANTHOPANAX sieboldianus, Acanthopanax, 5-8	5-6 ft
ft.	2 0 10,
An upright shrub with bright green leaves and spiny branches. Does well in sun or shade.	AMELANCHIER laevis, Allegany Serviceberry, 20-30 ft.
2-3 ft 1.25	A fine small tree, flowers pure white, young leaves
ACER ginnala, AMUR MAPLE, 15-20 ft.	purplish-red. Highly ornamental. Picture, Page 39.
Shrub or small tree, showy red fruit in summer and	7-8 ft
red leaves in autumn.	AMELANCINED II '6 I' m
6-8 ft	AMELANCHIER oblongifolia, THICKET SERVICE- BERRY, 10-18 ft.
ACER negundo, BOXELDER, 40-60 ft.	Makes a dense clump, with white flowers in May,
A very hardy ornamental Maple. Drought resistant,	sweet black fruit in June. Fine for birds.
and therefore useful in dry soils.	3-4 ft
6-8 ft	4-5 ft

ANDROMEDA glaucophylla, Downy Andromeda, 1-2 ft. Light pink or white flowers in June. A gem for bog or moist rock garden. 12-15 in	SALESGROUND AT OUR NURSERY Each year more and more people visit our nursery
6-9 in. spread, pot grown	in East Boxford, Mass. Visitors are always welcome. AZALEA obtusa, Hiryu Azalea, 1-3 ft.
(9.00 per 10, 80.00 per 100) ARONIA arbutifolia, Red Chokeberry, 5-10 ft. White flowers in April-May, persistent red fruit. September-December. Splendid for birds. 2-3 ft	A choice, dwarf, almost evergreen form with small bright green leaves and rosy-purple flower. 9-12 in. B&B
3-4 ft 2.25	AZALEA schlippenbachi, Royal Azalea, 7-15 ft. In May the large rose-colored flowers 2½-3 inches across make a notable showing. Bright yellow, orange
AZALEAS We list only the native and most hardy exotic varieties. These acid-soil loving plants mass well with the broadleaf evergreens and are distinct and beautiful additions to any planting. Though not evergreen they are closely related to the Rhododendrons and require similar soil conditions and care.	or red autumn color. 15-18 in. B&B
AZALEA arborescens, Sweet Azalea, 6-20 ft. Very fragrant white or pinkish-white flowers in June or July. Striking red autumn foliage. See illustration on Page 31. 2-3 ft. B&B	April or early May before the foliage appears. A free bloomer, even when small, this is one of our choicest American ornamentals. 12-15 in. B&B 3.00 15-18 in. B&B 4.00 18-24 in. B&B 5.00 2-3 ft. B&B 6.75 3-4 ft. B&B 9.00 4-5 ft. B&B 12.50 5-6 ft. B&B 16.50 AZALEA viscosa, Swamp Azalea, 8-12 ft.
AZALEA canescens, Piedmont Azalea, 6-16 ft. Showy tubular pink fragrant flowers in May. Rarely exceeds 6 feet in the garden. A mass planting makes a gorgeous spectacle.	Fragrant white flowers in June and July. Useful for damp locations. 18-24 in. B&B 4.00 2-3 ft. 6.00
18-24 in. B&B	AZALEA yedoensis poukhanensis, Yodogawa Azalea, 2-3 ft. A broad low variety with a profusion of large orchid- colored flowers in May. Most useful where a low shrub
vaseyi. 4-5 ft. B&B	is desired. See picture, Page 34. 9-12 in. B&B 3.00 12-15 in. B&B 4.00

BERBERIS koreana, Korean Barberry, 5-7 ft.	HEATHER
Attractive upright shrub with broad, bright green	CALLUNA, HEATHER
leaves, dense yellow flower clusters, and vivid red per-	All varieties of heather are evergreen. In general they
sistent fruit. Deep red autumn color.	rarely exceed two feet in height, and are valuable for
2-3 ft	ground-cover in sunny locations and poor soils. Oc-
3-4 ft. 3.50 4-5 ft. 5.00	casional shearing helps to keep them compact. All flower in late summer and early fall, all are pot grown.
BERBERIS sieboldi, Siebold Barberry, 4-5 ft.	3-6 in
Very distinct and ornamental, the leaves purplish when unfolding, marked with green veins, changing to bright	6-9 in 1.25 11.00 per 10
vinous-red in autumn. Persistent bright-red lustrous fruit.	CALLUNA vulgaris, Scotch Heather, 2-3 ft. Reddish-purple flowers.
2-3 ft	
BERBERIS thunbergi, Japanese Barberry, 3-8 ft.	CALLUNA vulgaris alba, White Scotch Heather, 1½-2 ft.
A universal hedge plant, with pale yellow flowers in April and May, followed by deep red fruit and bril-	White flowers.
liant red autumn color.	CALLUNA vulgaris, Hv. Alport Heather, 2 ft.
15-18 in	Crimson, very fine.
18-24 in	CALLUNA vulgaris, Hv. Argentea, 1 ft. Crimson flowers, silvery foliage, low.
BERBERIS thunbergi atropurpurea, Redleaf Japa-	g-,g-,
NESE BARBERRY, 3-6 ft.	CALLUNA vulgaris, Hv. Cuprea, 1½ ft.
Purple red leaves make this a striking and distinct variety.	Pink flowers and bronze foliage.
18-24 in	CALLUNA vulgaris, Hv. Hammond, 2 ft. White flowers, bright green leaves, strong grower.
BETULA nigra, River Birch, 50-100 ft.	CALLUNA vulgaris, Hv. Hirsuta, 1½ ft.
A graceful tree with conspicuous reddish-brown or grayish bark. Fine for moist locations.	Purple flowers.
8-10 ft. B&B	CALLUNA vulgaris, Hv. Moss (nana), 6-9 in.
10-12 ft. B&B	Pink flowers, very dwarf habit, a shy bloomer.
BETULA papyrifera, Paper Birch, 60-100 ft.	CALLUNA vulgaris, Hv. MULTIPLEX, 1 ft.
This noble tree, the canoe birch of the Indians, is in-	Double pink flowers, choice.
dispensable to the landscape designer.	3-6 in
6-8 ft. B&B	CATATATA
BETULA pendula (alba), EUROPEAN WHITE BIRCH,	CALLUNA vulgaris, Hv. Rubra, 1 ft. Red, very fine.
50-75 ft.	CALLINA
Large tree with shining white bark.	CALLUNA vulgaris, Hv. Searle, 1½ ft. White, late flowering, open growth.
6-8 ft. B&B	CALLUNA vulgaris, Hv. Silky (pilosa), 1 ft.
BETULA pendula gracilis, Hv. Cutleaf Birch, 50-	White flowers, gray-green foliage.
75 ft. A universal favorite, with graceful weeping branches,	CALLUNA vulgaris, Hv. Tall (elata), 1½ ft.
and the white bark characteristic of the species.	White flowers.
5-6 ft	CALLUNA vulgaris, Hv. Tennella, 1 ft. Lavender flowers.
A friendly tree of open woods and pastures.	
6-8 ft. B&B 6.00	We have many rare and unusual plants in quantities too
8-10 ft. B&B 8.50 10-12 ft. B&B 11.00	small to list in this general catalog. Your inquiries for items difficult to obtain are always welcome.

CARAGANA arboresens, Siberian Peashrub, 15-20 ft.	CHIONANTHUS virginicus, White Fringetree, 10- 15 ft.
Tall shrub or small tree with bright green leaves, and yellow flowers in June. 2-3 ft	Profuse white flowers in showy panicles in May-June and dark blue fruit make this a highly prized orna- mental shrub. Give it plenty of room.
	3-4 ft
CARPINUS betulus, European Hornbeam, 50-70 ft.	
An interesting tree, having very hard wood, and birch- like leaves 3-4 inches long. Smooth, gray, closefitting bark.	CLETHRA alnifolia, Summersweet Clethra, 5-10 ft. This dependable native species has delightfully fragrant white flowers from late July through September.
6-8 ft. B&B	2-3 ft
CARPINUS carolinianum, American Hornbeam, 30-40 ft.	CLETHRA alnifolia rosea, Pink Summersweet Clethra, 5-10 ft.
American species with closely-ribbed or fluted bark. 10-12 ft. B&B	This attractive rare pink-flowered variety is a must for those who want late summer color and fragrance.
	18-24 in
CASTANEA mollissima, Chinese Chestnut, 30-60 ft.	CORNUS alternifolia Persona Dogwood 15 25 ft
Shrub or tree, with sweet edible nuts. Blight resistant. 2-3 ft	CORNUS alternifolia, PAGODA DOGWOOD, 15-25 ft. Branches in horizontal tiers, accounting for its name. White flowers in May. Dark blue fruit in August.
CEDRUS libani, Cedar-of-Lebanon, 40-120 ft.	3-4 ft
The hardy Arnold Arboretum form of this historic	
tree. A beautiful and stately tree, with rich green	CORNUS florida, Flowering Dogwood, 20-70 ft.
leaves and somewhat irregular growth. A very few plants only are available.	This noblest of native flowering trees is a universal favorite. The showy white flower bracts make it a gorgeous sight in May, and scarlet fruit as well as
9-12 in. B&B	brilliant red leaves make it one of autumn's showiest
CELTIS occidentalis, Common Hackberry, 50-100 ft.	plants.
Straight trunk and spreading branches, forming a handsome round-topped head. Bright green leaves turning light yellow in autumn. Orange-red to dark	3-4 ft. B&B
purple fruit.	CORNUS florida rubra, Pink Flowering Dogwood,
2-3 ft	20-50 ft.
CHAENOMELES lagenaria, Common Flowering- QUINCE, 5-7 ft.	Pink-flowering variety. Splendid when planted to contrast with white. 3-4 ft. B&B
Red or scarlet-red flowers in April (rarely late March)	3-4 ft. B&B 7.50
and lustrous dark green leaves. Sometimes used for hedges.	CORNUS racemosa, Gray Dogwood, 8-16 ft. White flowers in June-July, and attractive white fruit
2-3 ft	on red fruit stalks in September-October. The persistent fruit stalks give it a warm reddish glow well
CHAENOMELES lagenaria, Hv. Boule Defeu, 5-7 ft.	into the winter. Attractive to birds.
A brilliant red selected variety of Floweringquince.	2-3 ft
2-3 ft	CORNUS sanguinea, BLOODTWIG DOGWOOD, 6-12 ft.
CHAMAECYPARIS pisifera plumosa, Plume Sawara Falsecypress, 30 ft.	White flowers, May-June and purple-black fruit in September. The red branches are bright all winter.
Dense conical tree with ascending branches and feath- ery branchlets giving it a soft fluffy appearance.	2-3 ft
3-4 ft. B&B 7.50	CORNUS stolonifera, Redosier Dogwood, 5-8 ft.
CHAMAEDAPHNE calyculata, Leatherleaf, 3-5 ft.	White flowers, May-June. Similar to above but lower, with blood-red branches.
Small white flowers in April-June, and dull green leaves. This native broadleaf evergreen prefers a moist or boggy location.	2-3 ft
$18-24$ in. B&B 3.50 $2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. B&B 4.50	Be sure to study our offerings of fruit trees and small fruits on Page 28 .

COTONEASTER divaricata, Spreading Cotoneaster, 6-8 ft. Pink flowers in June. Bright red fruit in autumn. 2-3 ft	CRATAEGUS oxyacantha, Hv. Pauls Scarlet Haw- THORN, 15-25 ft. One of the most brilliant small flowering trees, with double bright scarlet flowers in late May. 5-6 ft. B&B
COTONEASTER horizontalis, Rock Cotoneaster, 1½-3 ft. A half-evergreen low shrub with horizontally spreading branches. Small pinkish flowers in June and bright red sub-globose fruit in September-October. 6-9 in. pot grown	CRATAEGUS phaenopyrum, Washington Hawthorn, 20-30 ft. One of the very best Hawthorns, with profuse white flowers in May-June, and lustrous scarlet fruit in September-October. 2-3 ft. B&B
Attractive in bloom, with white flowers in May or June. Bright red fruit in fall and winter. Leaves turn to orange and scarlet in fall. Numerous slender thorns make it useful where an impenetrable hedge is desired. 2-3 ft. B&B	DEUTZIA gracilis, SLENDER DEUTZIA, 2½-3 ft. A fine low shrub, with white flowers in June. 15-18 in
	Sulphur yellow flowers in late June, July and August, when not many shrubs are in flower. 2-3 ft

plenty of humus.

border.

Rosy-red flowers in late March or early April. A fine low evergreen species for the rock garden or low

ERICA carnea, Spring Heath, 8-15 in.



TRAILING ARBUTUS (Epigaea repens)

EUONYMUS alatus, Winged Euonymus, 10-15 ft. Curious corky winged twigs. A large shrub, with small yellowish flowers in May-June. Especially valued for the orange-red fruit and extremely brilliant autumn coloring. 18-24 in	GALAX aphylla, GALAX A very lovely little evergreen herb with delicate white flower spikes up to two feet or more in May. The beautiful heart-shaped leaves are glossy green, turning brilliant scarlet in autumn when exposed to the sun. A fine groundcover plant for Rhododendrons, Azaleas, etc.
EUONYMUS alatus, Hv. DWARF WINGED EUONYMUS, 5-8 ft.	Strong plants 1.25
Similar to above, but slower growing and more compact. 18-24 in	GAYLUSSACIA brachycera, Box Huckleberry Fine native evergreen groundcover, with white or pinkish flowers in May-June, followed by blue fruit in July or August. Very rare.
EUONYMUS europaeus, European Euonymus, 14-20 ft.	24 in. spread (pot grown) 1.00
Upright shrub or small tree, yellowish-green flowers in May. Brilliant in September-October with orange aril on a red or pink pod. 3-4 ft	GENISTA pilosa, SILKYLEAF WOADWAXEN Low prostrate shrub with bright green ascending branches and yellow pea-shaped flowers in short racemes in June. 12-15 in
EUONYMUS latifolius, Broadleaf Euonymus, 14-20	
ft. Shrub or small tree, greenish-yellow flowers in May- June, and bright red and orange fruit in September. 2-3 ft. 2.25 3-4 ft. 3.00 4-5 ft. 4.00 5-6 ft. 5.50	GLEDITSIA triacanthos, Hv. ThornLess Honey- Locust (inermis), 50-75 ft. Slender fast-growing tree with small leaflets and fra- grant pea-like flowers in June. Long conspicuous pods. Good for seashore. 4-5 ft
EUONYMUS maacki, MAACK EUONYMUS, 8-16 ft.	GYMNOCLADUS dioicus, Kentucky Coffeetree, 60- 90 ft.
Large shrub or small tree from North China, Manchuria and Korea. Yellowish flowers in June and handsome pink and orange fruit. 4-5 ft	An ornamental tree with large foliage, pink when unfolding and clear yellow in autumn. Greenish-white flowers and conspicuous brown pods persisting during the winter. 3-4 ft
FAGUS sylvatica, European Beech, 80-100 ft.	HALESIA monticola, Mountain Silverbell, 30-100
This magnificent tree makes a noble lawn specimen, with glossy dark green leaves. Smooth gray bark. 4-5 ft. B&B 8.00 5-6 ft. B&B 10.00 6-8 ft. B&B 13.50 8-10 ft. B&B 17.50 10-12 ft. B&B 25.00	ft. White pendulous bell-shaped flowers in May (rarely pinkish) give this native tree unusual appeal. Attractive striped bark when young, scaly later. Another fine Kelsey introduction. 3-4 ft
xFORSYTHIA intermedia spectabilis, Hv. Showy Border Forsythia, 7-10 ft. More compact than old fashioned kinds, and showier in flower.	HAMAMELIS vernalis, Vernal Witchhazel, 6-15 ft. A real gem. The fragrant yellow flowers, the sepals reddish inside, appear on warm days from January to March. Fine heavy green foliage, turning yellow in autumn.
2-3 ft	3-4 ft
FORSYTHIA ovata, EARLY FORSYTHIA, 5-8 ft. A new distinct and handsome species from Korea and the earliest to bloom. Makes a broad shrub. Sure to flower in northern latitudes where others usually fail. Wine colored autumn foliage. 18-24 in	HAMAMELIS virginiana, Common Witchhazel, 10-20 ft. Bright yellow flowers in September-October. 5-6 ft
	,



SARGENT CHINESE JUNIPER (Juniperus chinensis sargenti)

HYDRANGEA arborescens grandiflora, Snowhill Hydrangea, 3-6 ft.	JUNIPERUS communis hibernica, Irish Juniper, 6- 10 ft.
Very showy white flowers in June or July. A fine border shrub.	A narrow columnar variety, not long-lived.
18-24 in	15-18 in. B&B
HYDRANGEA paniculata (grandiflora), Hv. Pee- GEE HYDRANGEA, 6 ft. The common showy variety, with large trusses of white flowers, turning to pink shades later. 2-3 ft 1.50	JUNIPERUS communis suecica, Swedish Juniper, 6-10 ft. Columnar form with bluish-green leaves. 18-24 in. B&B 2.25
	$2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. B&B 3.00
HEX glabra, INKBERRY, 4-6 ft. Hardy evergreen shrub holly, with glossy green leaves and black fruit. Fine in the ericaceous border, and in foundation plantings.	JUNIPERUS horizontalis, CREEPING JUNIPER Prostrate, with long trailing branches, very hardy. Foliage green or bluish-green.
9-12 in, B&B	12-15 in. spread B&B 3.00
12-15 in. B&B	JUNIPER horizontalis douglasi, Waukegan Creep- ing Juniper
In June and July the white flowers appear. In fall comes the bright red persistent fruit.	Similar to above, but with bright steel-blue foliage. 9-12 in spread B&B 2.25
JUGLANS nigra, Eastern Black Walnut, 75-150 ft.	JUNIPERUS horizontalis plumosa, Andorra Creep-
A tall tree with deeply furrowed bark and handsome dark green foliage.	INC JUNIPER Not as prostrate, foliage green in summer, purplish in fall and winter.
	9-12 in. spread B&B
JUNIPERUS chinensis sargenti, SARGENT CHINESE JUNIPER Fine evergreen with creeping stems and ascending branches. Splendid groundcover. 12-15 in. spread	JUNIPERUS sabina, SAVIN JUNIPER, 4-15 ft. A green foliaged spreading type. Will do well in limestone soils. 2-3 ft. B&B
JUNIPERUS communis depressa, Oldfield Common	JUNIPERUS virginiana, Eastern Redcedar, 30-90 ft.
JUNIPER, 2-4 ft. Rarely exceeding four feet in height, and usually al-	We offer the hardy columnar New England type, not to be confused with southern forms.
most prostrate. This fine hardy native evergreen is one of the most valuable for landscape purposes. 18-24 in. spread	4-5 ft. B&B 7.00 5-6 ft. B&B 9.00 6-8 ft. B&B 13.00

KALMIA angustifolia, Lambkill Kalmia, 2-4 ft. This small evergreen shrub has clusters of lavenderrose to crimson flowers in June-July. Prefers a peaty soil.	LIGUSTRUM amurense, Amur Privet, 6-15 ft. White flowers in June or July, similar to California Privet, but the Amur Privet is entirely hardy. A dependable hedge plant. Attractive black fruit.
9-12 in. collected 1.50	2-3 ft
KALMIA latifolia, Mountainlaurel Kalmia, 6-25 ft. In May or June this choice native evergreen shrub presents a gorgeous spectacle, with its white or blushpink clustered flowers. A fine companion for Rhododendrons and Azaleas. 18-24 in. B&B 6.00	xLIGUSTRUM ibolium, Ibolium Privet, 6-15 ft. White flowers June-July. A fine hardy hedge plant. Black fruit. 2-3 ft
KERRIA japonica, Japanese Kerria, 5-6 ft. Bright green foliage and vivid green branches. Showy yellow flowers in spring. 18-24 in	LONICERA korolkowi, Hv. Broad Blueleaf Honev- suckle, 8-12 ft. An unusual shrub, with rose-colored flowers in May or June, contrasting with the bluish foliage. Bright red berries in August. 2-3 ft
ft. The popular double-flowered form. 18-24 in	LONICERA maacki, Amur Honeysuckle, 12-15 ft. Dark green leaves and conspicuous fragrant white flowers in June, followed by dark red fruit in September-October. 3-4 ft
KOLKWITZIA amabilis, Beautybush, 6-10 ft. Arching sprays of rich pink flowers in June. Introduced by the late E. H. Wilson, he considered it perhaps the showiest of his Asiatic introductions. 2-3 ft	LONICERA, Hv. Red Tatarian Honeysuckle, 6-12 ft. Light crimson flowers in May. Bright green foliage. Globose red berries in July or August. This and the two following varieties are deservedly popular for their ornamental value. 3-4 ft
ft. Beautiful small tree, with showy pendulous racemes of golden yellow flowers in May or early June. 5-6 ft 6.75 LEIOPHYLLUM buxifolium prostratum, Allegany	tonicera, Hv. Rosy Tatarian Honeysuckle, 6-12 ft. Pink flowered form of above. Give these Honeysuckle plenty of room to develop.
SANDMYRTLE, 5-9 in. A tiny dwarf evergreen gem, with miniature clusters of starlike flowers in May. Found high in the Southern Appalachian Mountains, it is entirely hardy. A rock garden is a natural home for this little treasure. 6-9 in. spread	3-4 ft
LEUCOTHOE catesbaei, DROOPING LEUCOTHOE, 4-6 ft. Glossy green foliage and white flower clusters in April or May on arching branches. Best in partial shade. The graceful curving branches of unique value as a background for flower arrangements. 15-18 in. B&B	LYONIA mariana, Staggerbush Lyonia, 4-7 ft. Handsome low shrub with white or pinkish urn shaped flowers profusely borne. 18-24 in. 3.00 2-2½ ft. 4.00 MAGNOLIA soulangeana, Saucer Magnolia, 15-20 ft. Lark pink and white flowers are conspicuous in early spring, followed by glossy green leaves. 2-3 ft. B&B . 7.50

RENOVATION OF GARDENS AND PLANTATIONS. Overgrown or run down gardens can often be improved immeasurably by readjustment, pruning, fertilization, the addition of a few plants, etc. Let us help you make your garden more interesting and enjoyable.

MALUS - The Flowering Crabapple

The Flowering Crabapples have few rivals among gorgeous Spring flowering trees and shrubs. At the Arnold Arboretum one of the most important events of the year is the blooming of the Crabapples, followed by the showy fruit in Autumn. Most varieties are of greatest value as feed in winter for Pheasants, Grouse and other birds. They are of easy culture, and whether planted singly or in masses, give remarkable and quick results. As soon as the ground can be working in Spring is an ideal time for planting, and again in Fall after foliage is well ripened. Give rich soil and mulch heavily. Use all the water the soil will take in planting.

xMALUS atrosanguinea, Carmine Crabapple, 15-20 ft.	MALUS floribunda, Hv. Bobwhite Crabapple, 20-30 ft.
The brilliant carmine flowers in May make this one of the most popular flowering trees, grows as broad as tall. Small red fruit in fall. A great attraction for birds.	Another fine clon, selected at the Arnold Arboretum and named because of its bird-attracting value. Pink buds, white flowers in May.
3-4 ft	4-5 ft. 5.00 5-6 ft. 6.75
MALUS baccata, SIBERIAN CRABAPPLE, 30-45 ft. Lovely Asiatic species. Showy white flowers in spring, and red or rarely yellow fruit in fall. Very hardy. 6-7 ft	xMALUS, Hv. Hopa Crabapple (M. baccata x M. pumila neidzwetzkiana), 12-20 ft. A remarkable tree covered with rose-red flowers in May. The handsome fruit is red inside and out. Very hardy. 4-5 ft. 3.75 5-6 ft. 5.50
MALUS baccata mandshurica, Manchurian Crab- Apple, 15-20 ft.	MALUS ioensis, Hv. Bechtel Crabapple (plena),
Fine species from China and Japan. Large pure white fragrant flowers in May, dark scarlet fruit.	20 ft. Double pink fragrant flowers like small roses in late May.
5-6 ft 5.00	4-5 ft
xMALUS, Hv. Dolgo Crabapple, 20-25 ft. Beautiful with its large white flowers early in May, it has really outstanding ornamental value because of its large bright red fruit. Very fine.	xMALUS micromalus, Midget Crabapple, 15-20 ft. A handsome small tree of upright habit, deservedly popular for its fine pink flowers. Bright yellow fruit September-October.
7-8 ft. 9.50 8-10 ft. 13.50	7-8 ft
MALUS floribunda, Japanese Flowering Crabapple, 20-30 ft.	MALUS purpurea, Hv. Eley Crabapple, 15-25 ft. Vinous-red flowers in May, and handsome purple fruit. 4-5 ft
In early May this tree is covered with flowers. The buds are rich carmine, the full-blown flower white or blush. One of the very best crabapples, most attractive to birds, especially pheasants, robins and cedarwaxwings. 4-5 ft	MALUS robusta, Cherry Crabapple, 20-30 ft. Large white flowers in May followed by fine red fruit. One of the larger growing Crabapples. 7-8 ft
MITCHELLA repens, Partridgeberry, 3-4 in. White flowers in June or July, scarlet fruit in September. Fine little native evergreen groundcover for shady or semi-shady locations. 6-9 in	MYRICA pensylvanica (carolinensis), Northern Bayberry, 3-8 ft. Spreading undershrub, fine for borders or roadside planting. The curious waxy-white fruit is used for making the famous Bayberry candles. 9-12 in. 1.00 12-15 in. 2.00 15-18 in. 3.00 18-24 in. 4.00
most attractive to birds.	

2.25

For plants which attract birds see Page 30.

N

OXYDENDRUM arboreum, Sourwood, 15-60 ft. The mass of white flowers in late June, July and early August make this one of our most valuable flowering trees. Brilliant scarlet foliage in autumn. 4-5 ft 6.00 5-6 ft
PACHISTIMA canbyi, Canby Pachistima, 9 in. Dwarf evergreen shrub, especially valuable as a border or groundcover plant in half-shady or open locations. A native of mountain regions in Virginia and West Virginia.
4-6 in
6-9 in
(11.00 per 10)
PACHYSANDRA terminalis, Japanese Pachysandra, 7 in. A fine hardy evergreen groundcover plant, best in light shade. Pot grown
PHELLODENDRON sachalinense, $S_{AKHALIN}$ Corktree, 30-50 ft.
Hardy Asiatic tree. Yellowish-green flowers in June followed by persistent black fruit. Foliage bright yellow in fall.
7-8 ft

See our extensive list of garden Chrysanthemums on Pages 21 and 22. Also hardy native Orchids on Page 25.



DRAGON SPRUCE Picea asperata

PHILADELPHUS coronarius, Sweet Mockorange, 10-15 ft.
A favorite old-fashioned shrub with fragrant white flowers in May or June.
3-4 ft 1.75
xPHILADELPHUS lemoinei, Lemoine Mockorange, 5-6 ft. Very fragrant white flowers in May or June. 2-3 ft
xPHILADELPHUS virginalis, Hv. VIRGINAL MOCK-
ORANGE, 6-8 ft. A universal favorite for its large semi-double fragrant white flowers in June.
2-3 ft
PHOTINIA villosa, ORIENTAL PHOTINIA, 6-15 ft. White flowers in June, followed by bright red fruit that persists into winter. Bright red leaves in autumn. 3-4 ft. 2.25 4-5 ft. 3.00
PICEA abies, Norway Spruce, 60-150 ft.
A large and fast-growing evergreen with rich green foliage, much planted for screens and windbreaks. 3-4 ft. B&B 5.50 4-5 ft. B&B 7.25 5-6 ft. B&B 10.00
PICEA asperata, Dragon Spruce, 40-100 ft. Introduced from China in 1910, this most vigorous of Spruces has proven to be one of our finest evergreens. Very hardy, standing more wind and seashore exposure than any other evergreen we know of. Very compact. 4-5 ft. B&B extra heavy specimen
PICEA engelmanni, Engelmann Spruce, 80-150 ft. This choice Rocky Mountain conifer has green, blue-green or rarely steel-blue leaves. Similar to Colorado Spruce, but much softer foliage.
18-24 in. B&B
PICEA glauca, White Spruce, 60-120 ft. Fine northern species, useful for hedges, as a specimen or as a screen.
2-3 ft. B&B 4.50 3-4 ft. B&B 6.00 4-5 ft. B&B 8.00
PICEA glauca albertiana, Hv. Dwarf Alberta Spruce (conica), 6 ft.
A dwarf, compact and slow-growing form of the pre- ceding species, greatly valued for rock-garden or wherever a miniature upright tree is desired.
9-12 in. B&B 3.00



PHOTO BY HERBERT W. GLEASON

MOUNTAIN PIERIS Pieris floribunda

PICEA omorika, Serbian Spruce, 60-100 ft. Considered by E. H. Wilson the finest Spruce for northern latitudes. Narrowly pyramidal. Conspicuous foliage, with leaves lustrous dark green beneath and	PINUS densiflora, JAPANESE RED PINE, 60-100 ft. Handsome in youth, picturesque in old age. Bright green leaves. 8-10 ft. B&B heavy specimen
with broad bluish-white bands above. 4-5 ft. B&B 9.00 5-6 ft. B&B 13.50 6-7 ft. B&B 20.00	PINUS koraiensis, Korean Pine, 40-100 ft. Of slow growth, this rare Pine has beautiful reddishbrown bark. 8-10 ft. B&B
PICEA pungens, COLORADO SPRUCE, 60-140 ft. A favorite Spruce for lawns. Very hardy, suitable for shore planting.	PINUS mugo mughus, Mugho Swissmountain Pine, 2-5 ft.
18-24 in. B&B 4.00 2-3 ft. B&B 6.00 3-4 ft. B&B 8.50	Slower growing and more compact. Fine for rock gardens, low hedge or wherever a compact evergreen of slow growth is needed.
PICEA pungens glauca, Blue Colorado Spruce, 60- 140 ft. The familiar and popular "Blue Spruce" seen every-	9-12 in. spread B&B 2.75 12-15 in. spread B&B 3.50 15-18 in. spread B&B 4.50 3-4 ft. spread B&B 12.50
where. 18-24 in. B&B	PINUS nigra, Austrian Pine, 80-150 ft. A vigorous Pine, with long green needles on stout spreading branches. Good for seashore.
PIERIS floribunda, MOUNTAIN PIERIS, 3-6 ft. Showy white flowers in April or early May, on a spreading evergreen shrub. Very hardy and depend-	6-7 ft. B&B
able. See picture above. 15-18 in. spread	PINUS peuce, Balkan Pine, 30-50 ft. Dense, narrow pyramidal habit and slow growth. Not generally available.
PIERIS japonica, Japanese Pieris, 5-9 ft. More upright than preceding, with showy white flowers in late April or early May. Thick shiny leaves, turning bronze in winter. 9-12 in. B&B	4-5 ft. B&B 8.00 5-6 ft. B&B 11.00 6-7 ft. B&B 16.50 7-8 ft. B&B 22.50 8-10 ft. B&B 30.00

PINUS resinosa, Red Pine, 80-165 ft. Stout spreading or sometimes pendulous branches, forming a broad pyramidal tree. Long rich green leaves. 7-8 ft. B&B	PRUNUS maritima, BEACH PLUM, 4-7 ft. White masses of flowers in May, followed by green fruit which ripens to purple. Unexcelled for jam and jelly, which is a famous New England product. See picture, Page 32.
8-10 ft. B&B	2-3 ft
PINUS strobus, Eastern White Pine, 50-150 ft. Of rapid growth, and picturesque in old age, this fine evergreen is the glory of New England. Of all native American conifers, this is the finest. 3-4 ft. B&B	PRUNUS tomentosa, Manchu Cherry, 8-12 ft. White or pinkish flowers in April. Luscious red fruit that makes fine jam, jelly or wine, if you can get it before the birds do.
3-4 ft. B&B	3-4 ft 2.00
5-6 ft. B&B 9.00 6-7 ft. B&B 12.50 7-8 ft. B&B 16.00 8-10 ft. B&B 22.50 10-12 ft. B&B 30.00	PRUNUS triloba, Hv. Multiplex (plena), Flower- ING Plum, 20-30 ft. A favorite ornamental shrub or small tree, with double pink flowers in early spring. 3-4 ft
PINUS strobus, Hv. Pyramidal Eastern White Pine, 50-75 ft.	PSEUDOTSUGA taxifolia, Douglasfir, 50-200 ft.
Rare form with ascending branches, forming a narrow pyramidal head. 7-8 ft. B&B	A pyramidal tree of dense, yet graceful habit. Very hardy. Foliage green or bluish-green. 2-3 ft. B&B
7-8 ft. B&B	3-4 ft. B&B
PINUS sylvestris, Scots Pine, 50-75 ft. A very ornamental Pine, with blue green needles and	QUERCUS borealis, Northern Red Oak, 60-80 ft. Fine as shade tree or for lawn. Rapid growing. Leaves dark red in autumn.
red or red-brown bark. Unusually hardy. 2-3 ft	8-10 ft
PINUS thunbergi, JAPANESE BLACK PINE, 30-100 ft.	14-16 ft
A Japanese species, with bright green needles. Picturesque in growth. Fine for seashore. Sometimes injured in severe winters north of Boston. 4-5 ft. B&B	QUERCUS macrocarpa, Bur Oak, 75-100 ft. Grand native species, found all the way from Nova Scotia to Texas. Tall trunk and broad head, light brown furrowed bark.
POPULUS garanaga 70 100 ft	10-12 ft. 2½-3 in. cal
POPULUS generosa, 70-100 ft. Fast growing and handsome Poplar, with large green	14-16 ft. 4-4 ¹ / ₂ in. cal. 55.00
POPULUS nigra, Hv. Lombardy Poplar (italica), 40-	QUERCUS palustris, Pin Oak, 75-125 ft. A symmetrical tree, with slender, spreading branches, the lower one usually pendulous. The bright green
60 ft.	leaves turn brilliant red in autumn. 6-8 ft
Fast growing, narrow, columnar tree. 8-10 ft	8-10 ft
PRUNUS glandulosa, Hv. Double Pink Almond Cherry, 5 ft. Commonly known as Double Pink Flowering Almond,	QUERCUS robur, English Oak, 75-125 ft. A stately tree with short thick trunk and stout limbs forming an open broad head. Leaves stay green till
this popular shrub has masses of double pink flowers in May.	late autumn. 5-6 ft
2-3 ft	RHAMNUS davurica, Dahurian Buckthorn, 20-30 ft.
PRUNUS glandulosa, Hv. Double White Almond Cherry, 5 ft.	Large spreading shrub or small tree, with white flow-
Pure white form of above.	ers in May or June, followed by black fruit.
2-3 ft	2-3 ft. 1.50 3-4 ft. 2.00

RHODODENDRONS

RHODODENDRON carolinianum, Carolina Rhodo- dendron, 4-8 ft.
Pink flowers in May-June. A hardy American species introduced by Harlan P. Kelsey many years ago. Blooms profusely when still a small plant. 15-18 in. B&B
RHODODENDRON carolinianum album, White Carolina Rhododendron, 4-8 ft.
Also introduced by Harlan P. Kelsey, this white form is especially attractive when planted with the pink.
15-18 in. B&B
RHODODENDRON catawbiense, Catawba Rhodo- dendron, 7-20 ft.
Bright red-purple flowers in May and June. Very hardy. Bright glossy green leaves.
18-24 in. B&B 7.00
DHODODENDBONILLL
RHODODENDRON lactivirens, Wilson Rhododen-
DRON, 4-5 ft. A compact low shrub with rose-colored flowers in June
DRON, 4-5 ft.
DRON, 4-5 ft. A compact low shrub with rose-colored flowers in June or early July. Glossy green leaves. 9-12 in. spread B&B
DRON, 4-5 ft. A compact low shrub with rose-colored flowers in June or early July. Glossy green leaves. 9-12 in, spread B&B
DRON, 4-5 ft. A compact low shrub with rose-colored flowers in June or early July. Glossy green leaves. 9-12 in. spread B&B
DRON, 4-5 ft. A compact low shrub with rose-colored flowers in June or early July. Glossy green leaves. 9-12 in. spread B&B
DRON, 4-5 ft. A compact low shrub with rose-colored flowers in June or early July. Glossy green leaves. 9-12 in. spread B&B 3.50 RHODODENDRON maximum, Rosebay Rhododendron, 10-40 ft. White or pink-tinged flowers in June or July. A fine hardy American species. 18-24 in. B&B 5.00 2-2½ ft. B&B 6.50 2½-3 ft. B&B 8.50 RHODODENDRON mucronulatum, Korean Rhodo-
DRON, 4-5 ft. A compact low shrub with rose-colored flowers in June or early July. Glossy green leaves. 9-12 in. spread B&B

2-2½ ft. B&B



PHOTO BY HERBERT W. GLEASON

RHODODENDRONS along Bussey Brook in Arnold Arboretum

BROADLEAF EVERGREENS - ARISTOCRATS OF THE GARDEN

 $5.50 \\ 7.00$

No ornamentals have become more deservedly popular than the Broadleaf Evergreens. Their beauty of flower and foliage promises added possibilities in the landscaping of your grounds.

Mass plantings of Rhododendrons, Mountainlaurel and Pieris, with "filler" or "edging" plants, such as Leucothoe. Heather, Rose Daphne and Sandmyrtle, are very desirable and probably show these Broadleaf Evergreens at their best. Such ground covers as Bearberry, Canby Pachistima and Japanese Pachysandra carpet the shady places luxuriantly.

To successfully grow these beautiful Broadleaf Evergreens, see that the soil is peaty, acid and well drained. Use a permanent mulch of Oak or other hardwood leaves (except Maple). A northern exposure is desirable, otherwise overhead leafy shade is essential. Ferns are at home in the Rhododendron bed and edgings of them or of Violets, Dicentras and a host of beautiful low ground covers give variety and beauty. Azaleas and Berrybearing Shrubs may be used freely in the planting with charming effects. We gladly aid customers in making up satisfactory combinations of "fillers" and other plant material for any proposed Rhododendron or Broadleaf planting.



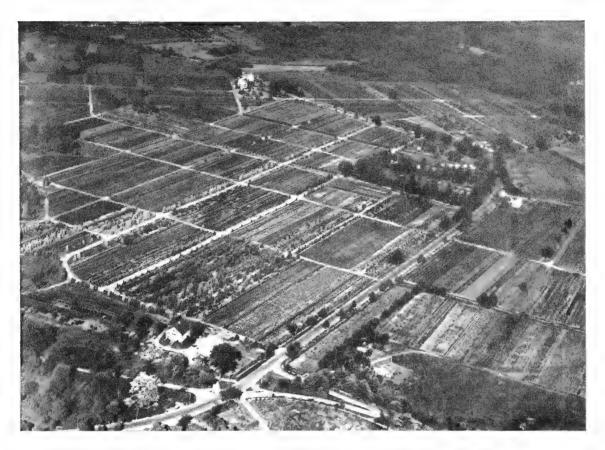
KELSEY LOCUST
Our introduction

A very handsome and graceful shrub, with brigh rose-colored flowers profusely borne in May or early June. Interesting purplish fruits.
3-4 ft
ROBINIA leucantha A very rare white locust, the beautiful flowers appearing in May. Only a very few plants available. 2-3 ft
ROSA hugonis, Father Hugo Rose, 4-6 ft. Bright yellow flowers in May or June. A genera favorite.
3-4 ft
ROSA rugosa, Rugosa Rose, 3-5 ft. Upright shrub with large single reddish-purple flowers from May to September. Brilliant brick-red fruit. A splendid hedge plant. Attractive to birds. Especially useful along seashore. 18-24 in
ROSA rugosa alba, White Rugosa Rose. The attractive white-flowered variety of this hardy and beautiful shrub rose. 15-18 in
ROSA setigera, Prairie Rose, 6-8 ft. Pink flowers in June on a half climbing shrub of vigorous growth. Very hardy. 3-4 ft

xSALIX blanda, WISCONSIN WEEPING WILLOW, 50 ft. Sometimes called the Niobe Willow, this fine tree has a wide spreading head and pendulous branches. 5-6 ft
SALIX matsudana (tortuosa), Hv. Contorted Han-
KOW WILLOW, 30 ft. Very curious upright tree with twisted and contorted branches.
3-4 ft. 4.00 6-8 ft. 8.00
SHORTIA galacifolia, Oconeebells, 6-9 in. Beautiful low native evergreen, with small galax-shaped leaves, and lovely white bell-shaped flowers in earliest spring. Illustrated below.
Clumps
SOPHORA japonica, JAPANESE PAGODATREE, 50-80 ft. A round headed tree with spreading branches, especially valued for its huge panicles of yellowish-white flowers in August or September.
6-7 ft. 15.00 7-8 ft. 20.00 8-10 ft. 25.00
SORBUS aucuparia, European Mountainash, 40-60 ft.
White flowers in May, and bright red or orange-red clusters of fruit in August and September. This beautiful tree is attractive to birds.
6-8 ft
SORBUS commixta, Korean Mountainash, 20-25 ft. Handsome small tree, creamy-white flowers in June bright red fruit in October-November.
4-5 ft
SORBUS intermedia, Swedish Mountainash, 25-30 ft.
Cream-white flowers in May, bright orange-red fruit in October and November.
6-8 ft



Note: We do not make substitutions unless specifically authorized.



AIRPLANE VIEW OF A PART OF KELSEY-HIGHLANDS NURSERY

2.00

xSPIRAEA bumalda, Hv. Anthony Waterer Spirea, 2½-4 ft.
Compact shrub, with crimson flowers in June-July. Very free flowering.
18-24 in 1.75
SPIRAEA prunifolia, Bridalwreath Spirea, 6-9 ft. White flowers in May or June.
2-3 ft
SPIRAEA thunbergi, THUNBERG SPIREA, 3-5 ft. White flowers in April or May, orange and scarlet leaves in autumn.
2-3 ft. 1.50 3-4 ft. 2.25
xSPIRAEA vanhouttei, VANHOUTTE SPIREA, 7-9 ft. Profuse showy white flowers in May, on a vigorous
bushy shrub. Very popular as a tall hedge plant as well as for specimen planting.
2-3 ft

SYMPHORICARPOS albus, Common Snowberr	y, 3-4
ft.	
Small pinkish flowers, showy white fruit.	
2-3 ft	1.50

SYMPHORICARPOS orbiculatus, Indiancurrant Coralberry, 4-6 ft.

Attractive for its red fruit, and crimson foliage in autumn.

MOVING LARGE SPECIMEN TREES. Our tree moving equipment is especially designed for safely transplanting large Evergreens or Shade Trees up to almost 1 foot in diameter. We have many handsome specimens of Pine, Hemlock, Spruce, Fir and Shade Trees in wide variety from 10 to 30 feet in height. These are moved with large balls with little disturbance to the root systems, largely eliminating risks.



MOVING A LARGE SPECIMEN TREE

LARGE TREES

Large specimen trees can transform the home landscape.

You can have immediate shade where you want it.

Please see Page 37 for a partial list of large trees we can supply.

Your special inquiries are solicited.

LILACS

SYRINGA amurensis japonica, Japanese Tree Li- lac, 20-30 ft.
Latest of the lilacs to bloom, with large masses of white flowers in June or July.
6-7 ft. 4.50 7-8 ft. 6.25
SYRINGA chinensis, Chinese Lilac, 10-12 ft. Lilac purple flowers in large open clusters make this lilac most showy in June.
3-4 ft
4-9 It
SYRINGA oblata dilatata, Korean Early Lilac, 8-12 ft.
Choice early blooming variety, with rosy-lilac or purple-lilac flowers in late April or May.
2-3 ft
SYRINGA villosa, LATE LILAC, 8-10 ft. Dense habit, with profuse rosy-lilac flowers in late May or June.
2-3 ft
3-4 ft
SYRINGA vulgaris, Common Lilac, 10-20 ft. Purple or lilac flowers in late April or May, on an upright shrub. An old favorite.
3-4 ft
SYRINGA vulgaris alba, White Common Lilac, 15-30 ft.
White flowers, one week earlier than Common Lilac. 3-4 ft

YEWS

TAXUS canadensis, Canada Yew, 2½-4 ft. Hardy, low-spreading native evergreen, with bright green foliage, and red berries in August. Best in semishade, but will grow in full sun. 18-24 in. spread B&B 6.00
TAXUS cuspidata, JAPANESE YEW (spreading form), 6-8 ft.
Fine hardy species. This spreading form will eventually get fifteen feet or more across if untrimmed. Red berries in October-November.
15-18 in. spread B&B 4.75 18-24 in. spread B&B 6.25
TAXUS cuspidata, JAPANESE YEW (upright form), 15-50 ft.
Very useful for hedges, foundation plantings, or as a single specimen. Rich green foliage and red berries in autumn.
12-15 in. B&B 4.00 15-18 in. B&B 5,00 18-24 in. B&B 6,50
TAXUS cuspidata, Hv. Dwarf Japanese Yew (nana), 3-4 ft.
Eventually wide-spreading, this slower growing and more compact form is very desirable.
9-12 in. B&B
xTAXUS media, Hv. Hicks Yew, 6-12 ft. A narrow columnar form with upright branches. Splendid as an accent plant, or for hedge use.
12-15 in. B&B

15-18 in, B&B

4.50

You can depend on hardy New England grown nursery stock. A visit to Kelsey-Highlands Nursery is a regular event for many garden lovers. Garden clubs and student groups are always welcome, and special programs will be arranged when desired.

ARBORVITAE

ARDURVITAE	
THUJA occidentalis, Hv. Booth Globe Arboryt 2-3 ft. One of the best globose forms.	TAE,
12-15 in. B&B	2.50 3.25 4.50
THUJA occidentalis, Hv. Douglas Pyramidal Arvitae, 12-20 ft. A dense columnar form with curious crowded fr	
like branches. Very fine. 2-3 ft. B&B	4.00 5.00 7.00
THUJA occidentalis, Hv. George Peabody Arvitae, 15-25 ft. Pyramidal form with bright yellow leaves, especthe new growth. 2-3 ft. B&B	
THUJA occidentalis, Hv. Pyramidal Eastern Arvitae, 15-20 ft. Dense columnar form with short branches and green leaves. 2½-3 ft. B&B	
THUJA occidentalis, Hv. Rosenthal Eastern Arvitae, 15-20 ft. Columnar form with lustrous dark green leaves. 18-24 in. B&B	BOR-
THUJA occidentalis, Hv. WARE EASTERN ARBORVI 15-30 ft. Compact broadly-pyramidal form, with heavier fol than the Eastern Arborvitae. A very good hedge p	liage lant.



5.75

7.25

CANADA HEMLOCK



LITTLELEAF LINDEN

THUJA occidentalis, Hv. Wintergreen Pyramidal Eastern Arborvitae, 20-40 ft.

Similar to Eastern Arborvitae, but a little more compact growth and holding its color much better in winter.

2-3	ft.	B&B														3.75
3-4	ft.	B&B														5.00

TILIA cordata, LITTLELEAF LINDEN, 60-90 ft.

One of the very finest shade and avenue trees, the "Bee Tree" of Europe. Fragrant yellowish-white flowers in July.

6-8	ft.	$1\frac{1}{2}-2$	in.	cal.										7.00
8-10	ft.	$2-21/_{2}$	in.	cal.										11.50

TSUGA canadensis, Canada Hemlock, 50-100 ft.

Handsome for lawn or forest planting. Especially useful for tall hedges. One of our finest ornamental evergreens.

2-3 ft. B&B														6.00
3-4 ft. B&B		,												8.50
4-5 ft. B&B														11.50

TSUGA caroliniana, Carolina Hemlock, 40-75 ft.

Introduced to cultivation by Harlan P. Kelsey. Prof. Sargent considered this "The handsomest conifer we can grow in New England." Unique in habit with dark, dense tufted foliage on sweeping pendulous branches.

2-3	ft.	B&B				 	 6.00
					specimen		
22-24	ft.	B&B	extra	heavy	specimen	 	 240.00

ULMUS americana, American Elm, 60-120 ft.	VIBURNUM lentago, Nannyberry Viburnum, 10-30					
One of our noblest ornamental tress, of graceful habit when young, and wide spreading in old age. 8-10 ft	ft. Shrub or small tree, with attractive white flowers in May-June and blue-black fruit in September-October.					
10-12 ft. $1\frac{3}{4}$ -2 in. cal. 8.00 12-14 ft. 2-2 $\frac{1}{2}$ in. cal. 13.00 14-16 ft. $2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 in. cal. 17.00	3-4 ft					
16-18 ft. 3-3½ in. cal. 24.00 18-20 ft. 3½-4 in. cal. 32.00	VIBURNUM sargenti, SARGENT VIBURNUM, 10-15 ft. Fine species from E. Asia. Showy white flowers in May-June, scarlet fruit in August-October. All the					
ULMUS pumila, SIBERIAN ELM, 40-50 ft. Popular fast growing tree, often erroneously called	Viburnums attract birds. 2-3 ft 1.75					
Chimese Elm (which name properly belongs to Ulmus parvifolia).	VIBURNUM trilobum, American Cranberrybush Vi-					
6-7 ft	BURNUM, 8-12 ft.					
7-8 ft	Popular native species, with its profuse white flowers in June and scarlet fruit coming in August and lasting well into the winter. Very hardy.					
12 ft.	2-3 ft					
Fine native shrub, the young branches yellowish-green or red. Dense clusters of white or pinkish flowers in	3-4 ft					
May, and blue or blue-black edible berries in July or	VINCA minor, Common Periwinkle.					
August. 2-3 ft. B&B	Popular trailing evergreen vine with attractive lilac- blue flowers in April with scattered blooms appearing					
2-3 ft. B&B	through the summer. A dependable groundcover plant.					
4-5 ft. B&B	Pot grown					
VACCINIUM vitisidaea majus, Shore Cowberry, 6-	VINCA minor Ha War Comp					
12 in.	VINCA minor, Hv. WHITE COMMON PERIWINKLE. Fine white form, not generally available.					
Low evergreen shrub, with white or pinkish flowers in May and dark red fruit in August-October. Fine as a groundcover, or for the rock garden.	Pot grown					
3-6 in. spread 1.00	VINCA minor, Hv. Bowles.					
VACCINIUM vitisidaea minus, Mountain Cowberry, 4-6 in.	An improved form of Periwinkle, with broader leaves, and large deeper blue flowers.					
Even more dwarf, forming dense evergreen mat. Flowers deeper color, sometimes red.	Pot grown					
3-6 in. spread 1.25	WEIGELA florida (rosea), OLDFASHIONED WEIGELA, 6-10 ft.					
VIBURNUM carlesi, Koreanspice Viburnum, 4-8 ft.	From North China and Korea. One of the handsomest					
Waxy pink fragrant flowers in May. Of recent introduction, this has rapidly become one of our most popu-	species with rose pink flowers in May-June.					
lar shrubs. 18-24 in 4.50	2-3 ft					
	WEIGELA, Hv. Eva Rathke, 4-6 ft.					
VIBURNUM dentatum, Arrowwood Viburnum, 6-12 ft.	A splendid shrub, with dark red flowers in summer.					
White flowers in May or June on a bushy shrub. Conspicuous blue fruit in September or October, is very attractive to birds.	XANTHORHIZA simplicissima, Yellowroot, 2-4 ft.					
2-3 ft	Tiny dark purple flowers in April. Finely cut foliage. A fine undershrub for Rhododendron, Azaleas, etc.					
VIBURNUM dilatatum, Linden Viburnum, 7-10 ft.	9-12 in					
Upright bushy shrub, with showy white flowers in May-June, and handsome scarlet fruit in September-October. A fine species from E. Asia. 18-24 in	When 5 or more plants of a kind and size are ordered, most varieties can be furnished at a lower unit price. Ask for our special prices on quantity lots.					
	A U					

HARDY GARDEN AND WILD FLOWERS

In this list will be found a collection of hardy herbaceous perennials that will give a good succession of bloom from early Spring until late Autumn. Nearly all are of easy culture. The usual list of herbaceous perennials offered in American catalogs can be secured and shipped with our stock, so that customers may feel safe in ordering and getting full collections, even if not priced below.

Approximate height variety attains is given after the name.

- AJUGA genevensis, Geneva Bugle, 6-8 in. Blue spikes in May-June. A fine groundcover for sun or shade.
- A. reptans alba, White Carpet Bugle, 6-8 in. Similar to above, but with white flowers.
- ALYSSUM saxatile compactum, DWARF GOLDENTUFT, 12 in. Bright yellow flowers in early spring. Fine for rock garden.
- AQUILEGIA canadensis, American Columbine, 2 ft. Scarlet and yellow flowers in May. A grand native species.
- xA. Mrs. Scott Elliott's Longspurred Hybrids, 2-2½ ft. Long-spurred flowers in various colors.
- A. coerulea, Hv. Snow Queen. 18 in. A grand form with long-spurred white flowers.
- ARABIS alpina, Hv. Double Alpine Rockcress, 8 in. Double white flowers in April and May.
- ASARUM canadense, Canada Wildginger, 9 in. Brownish-purple flowers in May, heart-shaped leaves. Likes a moist location.
- ASTER, HARDY HORTICULTURAL VARIETIES

 BLUEEYES, 2-3 ft. Blue, August-September.

 CHARLES WILSON, 3 ft. Ruby-red, September.

 HARRINGTON PINK, 3 ft. Clear pink, semi-double, mid-

September. Mr. Everest, 2-3 ft. The best tall white.

- ASTER, DWARF HARDY HORTICULTURAL VARIETIES
 - X Marjorie, 12 in. Rose-pink, September.
 - X Snowsprite, 10 in. White, September.
 - X VICTOR, 10 in. Blue, September.



OUR INTRODUCTION — THE KOREAN CHRYSANTHEMUM

- ASTILBE, HORTICULTURAL VARIETY FANAL, 18 in. Intense red, July.
- **BAPTISIA tinctoria,** Yellow Wildindigo, 2 ft. Golden pea-shaped flowers in June.
- CALTHA palustris, Marshmarigold, 1-2 ft. Gay bright yellow flowers in April or early May, bright green leaves. For moist locations.
- CAMPANULA carpatica, CARPATHIAN BELLFLOWER, 6-12 in. Bright, clear blue bell-shaped flowers in July-August. A rock garden gem.
- C. carpatica alba, White Carpathian Bellflower, 6-12 in. Pure white variety.
- CHRYSANTHEMUM articum, Arctic Chrysanthemum, 12-18 in. Lovely white aster-like flowers on a compact plant in September-October.
- C. sibericum (koreanum), Korean Chrysanthemum, 2-4 ft. This hardy species was introduced by Harlan P. Kelsey. Beautiful white flowers in October-December. One of the most effective garden flowers.

CHRYSANTHEMUM, Cushion Varieties.

Bronze Cushion. Fine free-flowering variety.

Hurley's Yellow Supreme. Large golden-yellow flowers.

LITTLE BOB. Warm red, free flowering.

Major Cushion. The best pink cushion. Strong growing.

New Gold Cushion. Will be very popular. Warm yellow.

RED CUSHION. Rich red.

YELLOW CUSHION. Profuse yellow flowers.

WHITE CUSHION. White, occasionally lavender-tinged.

Prices of Hardy Garden and Wild Flowers, except as otherwise noted: \$.60 each 3 for \$1.50 \$5.00 per dozen

Prices quoted are for strong plants. Heavy field-grown clumps can be furnished in some varieties in season at advanced prices.

CHRYSANTHEMUM, GARDEN VARIETIES.

Allegro. Very lovely shrimp-pink. October.

AVALANCHE. Large white flowers in late September.

Betty. Fine appleblossom pink. October.

Bokhara. An outstanding new wine-red. Early October. .75 each, 3 for 2.00.

Bonfire. Deep fiery red. Early October.

Burgundy. Unusual rich cerise-red. Early October.

Carnival. Exceptionally fine orange-bronze. Early October. 1.00 each, 3 for 2.50.

Charles Nye. Striking yellow pompom. Fine for cutting. October.

CHINA GOLD. Warm yellow-gold. October.

Chippewa. Very dark, purple-pink incurved flowers. Early October.

Ember. Glistening amber-red. October.

Eugene A. Wander. Golden-yellow. One of the best. Early September.

Fireglow. Very showy oriental-red. Early September.

GLACIER. Pure bluish-white. Late September.

HARBINGER. Stunning yellow-bronze. Early September.

HARBER LIGHTS. Clear lemon-yellow, good for cutting. October.

Huntsman. A fine scarlet-orange. October, 1.00 each, 3 for 2.50.

Jane Kelsey. Lustrous deep pink flowers on long stems. October-November. .75 each, 3 for 2.00.

Karle A. Reiche. Meritorious new pink. Late September. 1.00 each, 3 for 2.50.

King Midas. Warm golden yellow. Good cut flower. Late September.

LAVENDER LADY. Large true lavender flowers. Early October.

Magnolia. Large double, yellow with pink overtones. October. 1.00 each, 3 for 2.50.

Mrs. Pierre S. Dupont. Outstanding large peachpink. October.

Nashua. Double yellow-bronze, dark center. August-September.

OLIVE LONGLAND. Soft peach-pink on good stems. Early October.

Ouray. Dazzling red button-type. October.

RED VELVET. Very fine deep red. October.

September Bronze. Fine round pompom, burnt orange. September.

September Cloud. Round white blooms. Late September.

Serene. Very fine white. Almost a cushion. Late October.

WHITE WONDER. Splendid white pompom. Late September.

Prices of Hardy Garden and Wild Flowers, except as otherwise noted:

\$.60 each 3 for \$1.50 \$5.00 per dozen

Heavy field grown clumps when available can be furnished at advanced prices.

- CIMICIFUGA americana, American Bugbane, 4-5 ft.
 Branched racemes of small snow-white flowers in
 August- September. Fine for shaded wild garden.
- C. foetida simplex, Kamchatka Bugbane, 3 ft. Showy white flowers in tall racemes in September. .75 each, 3 for 2.00.
- C. racemosa, Cohosh Bugbane, 4-6 ft. Pure white spikes in July and August. Likes moist soil and partial shade.
- CLINTONIA borealis, Yellow Beadlily, 12 in. Splendid native groundcover. Glossy green leaves, greenishyellow flowers, unusual blue berries. Good for shady places.
- CONVALLARIA majalis, LILYOFTHEVALLEY, 7-8 in. A universal favorite, for shady places. White, fragrant, bell-shaped flowers in May and June. .30 each, 2.70 per 10, 24.00 per 100.
- COREOPSIS grandiflora, Bigflower Coreopsis, 18-24 in. Large bright yellow single flowers from late May to November.
- C. tripteris, Atlantic Coreopsis, 2-4 ft. Rich clear yellow, July-October.
- **DELPHINIUM**, GIANT PACIFIC HYBRIDS, 3-5 ft. June-September. Double or semi-double, in varying shades of blue. 1.00 each, 3 for 2.50.
- **DIANTHUS arenarius,** Hv. Beatrice, 8-10 in. Semi-double salmon-pink flowers June-September. A lovely hardy outdoor Carnation.
- X DIANTHUS arvernensis, AUVERGNE PINK, 3-5 in. Bright pink flowers, rising from closely compacted tufts of bright green foliage.
- DICENTRA eximia, FRINGED BLEEDINGHEART, 12-15 in. Delicate rose-colored flowers, all summer. Fernlike foliage. Very hardy, good in sun or shade. One of the best all around perennials.
- D. eximia alba, White Fringed Bleedingheart, 15-18 in. Rare white form palest pink in bud, almost pure white when fully developed. .75 each, 3 for 2.00, 10 for 6.00.
- D. formosa alba, WHITE PACIFIC BLEEDINGHEART, 12-15 in. Rare white variety of above. Lovely purest white nodding flowers. .75 each, 3 for 2.00, 10 for 6.00.
- D. spectabilis, Common Bleedingheart, 2 ft. Long graceful racemes of pink heart-shaped flowers. An old favorite. .75 each, 3 for 2.00, 10 for 6.00.
- EUPATORIUM purpureum, Bluestem Joepyeweed, 4-6 ft. Large heads of reddish-purple flowers in late summer. Fine for moist places.

HARDY NATIVE FERNS

- ADIANTUM pedatum, American Maidenhair, 1-2 ft. Most graceful of all New England ferns with delicate lacy foliage. For moist spots in shady areas.
- ATHYRIUM filixfemina, Ladyfern, 2-3 ft. Always lacy and delicate, this fine fern grows well in sun or shade, but likes lots of leaf mold.
- **DENNSTAEDTIA** punctilobula, HAYSCENTEDFERN, 1-2 ft. For shade or partial shade. Good for holding dry banks, because of running roots.
- **DRYOPTERIS cristata**, Crested Woodfern, 1-2 ft. Grand evergreen fern, for moist shady places. Dark green fronds.
- **D. marginalis,** Leather Woodfern, 1½-3 ft. One of the prettiest evergreen species. Leathery deep green fronds. Prefers rich shady moist slope.
- D. noveboracensis, Newyork Woodfern, 12-18 in. Fine for shady woods.
- D. spinulosa, Toothed Woodfern, 18 in. Evergreen. Finely dissected fronds. For moist woods or shady banks.
- ONOCLEA sensibilis, Sensitive Fern, 1-3 ft. For very moist locations, in open sunny areas.
- OSMUNDA cinnamomea, CINNAMONFERN, 3-5 ft. A robust and handsome species for sun or partial shade. Beautiful cinnamon colored stalks. .60 each, 5.40 per 10.
- O. claytoniana, Interrupted Fern, 3 ft. Native in open woods and moist fields. Will grow in dry, shady places. .60 each, 5.40 per 10.
- O. regalis, ROYALFERN, 2-3 ft. Light green. Can be grown in still water 2-3 inches deep. For sun or shade; thought by many to be our handsomest native fern. .60 each, 5.40 per 10.
- POLYPODIUM vulgare, Common Polypody, 6-8 in. One of the best evergreen species for the rock garden. Common in dry rocky woods, where it makes a lovely evergreen carpet over the ledges.
- POLYSTICHUM acrostichoides, Christmasfern, 18-24 in. Dark shining evergreen fronds. For rich soil and shady areas.
- PTERETIS nodulosa, Ostrichfern, 2-4 ft. Handsome dark green fronds forming a vase-shaped plant. For rich soil in partial shade.
- PTERIDIUM aquilinum, Common Bracken, 3-4 ft. Erect stout stalk with spreading branches. A hardy and durable fern.

- GENTIANA andrewsi, Andrews Gentian, 16 in. Lovely native wildflower, with purplish-blue flowers. A gem for the Bog Garden or moist thicket. 1.00 each, 3 for 2.50.
- GYPSOPHILA repens, CREEPING GYPSOPHILA. Fine low trailing plant making a mat of tiny green leaves, with many small white flowers.
- G. repens, Hv. Rosy. Delicate shell-pink form of above.
- G. viscosa, Hv. Bristolfairy, 10-12 in. Small double white flowers all summer. Fine for cutting.
- HELLEBORUS niger, Christmasrose. The large white flowers, pink-tinted, are a welcome sight in warm spells from mid-winter on. 1.50 each, 3 for 4.00.
- **HEMEROCALLIS flava**, Lemon Daylilly, 3 ft. Fragrant rich lemon-yellow flowers in June. A fine species.
- H. fulva, Tawny Daylity, 4 ft. Dusty orange flowers in July-August. A robust grower, frequently naturalized along roadways.
- HEMEROCALLIS, NAMED HORTICULTURAL VARIETIES.
 - Bagdad. Orange throat, outer petals copper-red overlain with orange. 42 in. June-July.
 - Caballero. Large flowered bicolor. Vermilion petals, golden yellow sepals and throat. 48 in. July. 1.25 each.
 - DAUNTLESS. Pale yellow-orange. Large wide overlapping petals. Very fine. 36 in. August. 1.00 each.
 - Dominion. Reddish-brown with yellow throat. Medium large flower. 3 ft. August. 2.00 each.
 - Georgia. Unusual buff and pink tones. One of the best for July and August. 3.00 each.
 - Hesperus. Splendid yellow flowers in late summer. 2.00 each.
 - Honey Redhead. Brilliant rose-red with bright yellow border. 38 in. July and August. 4.00 each.
 - Hyperion. One of the very finest. Large waxy canaryyellow flowers. 48 in. July and August. 1.00 each.
 - Persian Princess. Deep velvety red with overflush of purple. 40 in. July-August. 3.00 each.
 - PINK CHARM. Lovely soft pink. August-September. 2.00 each.
 - MIXED HYBRID SEEDLINGS. Choice seedlings from selected seed of named varieties. Varied colors,
- HEPATICA americana (triloba), ROUNDLOBE HEPATICA, 4-6 in. A charming little native, with blue, pale lavender or rarely white flowers in April or early May. A gem for the woodland or shady rock garden.
- **HEUCHERA sanguinea**, Coralbells, 12-18 in. Bright crimson flowers June-September. Clustered on a slender stalk.
- H. sanguinea, Hv. Snowdrop, 12-18 in. The white flowers form a pleasing contrast when planted with above species.

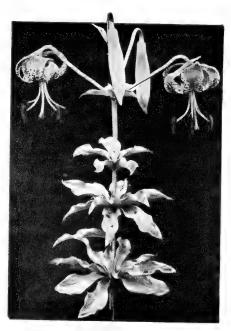
- HOSTA japonica (lancifolia), JAPANESE PLAINTAIN-LILY, 18-24 in. Spikes of violet-blue flowers in July and August. Good for semi-shade.
- H. japonica, Hv. Whiterim Japanese Plaintainlily, 18 in. Larger, firmer blue flowers, also in July and August, and occasionally through September.
- H. plantaginea, Fragrant Plantainlily, 18-24 in. With much larger bright green leaves, and fragrant large pure white flowers in August-October.
- HOUSTONIA caerulea, Common Bluets, 2-3 in. A dainty little wildflower, with pale blue flowers in April or May. Best in full sun in clay soil. .30 each, 2.70 per 10.
- H. serpyllifolia, CREEPING BLUETS, 3-4 in. Delicate bright blue and white flowers in April and May. The tiny evergreen leaves spread out to make a fine groundcover.
- IRIS cristata, Crested Iris, 4 in. An exquisite miniature native species from the high Southern Appalachians. Rich amethyst-blue flowers in April-May. See color picture, Page 3.
- I. cristata alba, White Crested Iris, 4 in. Rare white form of above. White flowers with yellow throat in April-May. .75 each, 6.75 per 10.
- I. kaempferi, Japanese Iris. Named Horticultural Varieties. These are all graceful blooms. See Page 46. Fascination, 2½ ft. Double-mauve pink, white veins, late June.
 - Purple and Gold, 3 ft. Double Violet purple petals, gold throat, early July.
 - Red Riding Hood, $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Single, amaranth color, veined white, late June.
 - Rose Anna, 21/2 ft. Double ivory-white, red veins.
- I. pseudacorus, Yellowflag Iris, 3-4 ft. The "Fleur-de-lis" of history and literature. Bright yellow flowers in May and June. Best in a moist location, border of brook, etc.
- I. pumila, Dwarf Iris.

Bride. Large showy pure white. Excels. Pale lemon-vellow.

Sambo. Dark purple, crimson veins.

- I. siberica, Siberian Iris, 18-24 in. Bright blue-purple in profusion on a neat plant in June.
- I. siberica alba, White Siberian Iris, 18-24 in. White flowers in June.
- I. verna, Vernal Iris, 4-6 in. A dainty dwarf Iris with blue-purple to violet flowers in April or May. A choice native American species. .75 each, 3 for 2.00.
- I. versicolor, Blueflag Iris, 2-3 ft. Native species of sunny marsh or swamp. Prefers moist location. Rich light blue flowers in June.

- LILIUM canadense, Canada Lily, 3-4 ft. Lovely native orange-red or golden-yellow flowers, bell-shaped and gracefully drooping. June-July. Moist soil preferred.
- L. grayi, Grays Lily, 3-4 ft. Especially charming, with delicate drooping red flowers in June and July. A Kelsey introduction.
- L. michauxi (carolinianum), Carolina Lily, 3 ft. Fragrant orange-scarlet flowers, spotted with purple-brown. July. A Kelsey introduction.
- L. philadelphicum, Wood Lily, 18-24 in. Upright orange-scarlet flowers in June and July. Best in acid, sandy soil, with good drainage. Sun or partial shade.
- L. regale, Regal Lily, 3-3½ ft. Huge fragrant flowers, pure white inside, tinged with pink or rose-red outside. Needs sunny location and good loam. .75 each, 6.75 per 10.
- L. speciosum rubrum, 3-4 ft. Gay rosy-red flowers with white margins and deeper red spots. August-September. 1.25 each, 3 for 3.25.
- L. superbum, Turkscap Lily, 5-7 ft. Bright orange or reddish flowers in July-August. A splendid native species.
- MONARDA didyma, Hv. Cambridge Scarlet, 2-4 ft. An improved brilliant scarlet Beebalm, with longlasting flowers from July to September.



THE FRAGRANT CAROLINA LILY
(Lilium michauxi)
Introduced by Harlan P. Kelsey



SHOWY LADYSLIPPER Cypripedium reginae

ORCHIDS, NATIVE SPECIES.

- CALOPOGON pulchellus, Grasspink Orchid, 12 in. Violet-rose dainty flowers on slender stalks in June-August. A real treasure for wild garden or meadow.
- CYPRIPEDIUM acaule, PINK LADYSLIPPER, 12-14 in. Clear pink "slippers" with darker pink veins in May-June. Must have acid soil. Open pine woods offer an ideal location.
- C. parviflorum pubescens, Common Yellow Ladyslipper, 18-20 in. Large bright yellow fragrant flowers in May. Will do well in sun or shade, in a good garden soil.
- C. reginae, Showy Ladyslipper (spectabilis), 18-24 in. Gorgeous white flowers, with pink or rosy-purple overtones in May-June. Plant in moist peat or sphagnum moss, in partial shade. .75 each, 6.75 per 10.
- GOODYERA pubescens, Downy Rattlesnake-Plantain, 8-12 in. Yellowish-white flowers in dense spikes, rising from dark green white-striped basal leaves. July. A curious and interesting native of shady hillsides.
- HABENARIA ciliaris, Yellow Fringeorchid, 12-24 in. A slender orchid with showy orange-yellow flowers in July or August. Best in moist meadow or bog. 1.00 each, 3 for 2.50.
- ORCHIS spectabilis, Showy Orchid, 6-12 in. A native treasure with rose-lilac flowers in April and May. For rich soil in the wild garden. 1.00 each, 3 for 2.50.

Prices of Hardy Garden and Wild Flowers, except as otherwise noted:

\$.60 each 3 for \$1.50 \$5.00 per dozen

PAEONIA. PEONY - STANDARD VARIETIES.

- Frances Willard. Strong stems surmounted by large flowers of lovely cream white. Late Midseason. 1.50.
- Madame Jules Dessert. Large flowers with broad petals of creamy-white lighted with buff and salmon shades. Midseason. 1.50.
- THERESE. Large soft shell-pink with lighter center. Vigorous and free-blooming, this is one of the most popular and satisfactory varieties which we have. Early midseason. 2.00.
- Walter Faxon. Bright shell-pink with salmon shades. Almost the only really pink peony. Medium-sized blooms. Midseason. 1.50.
- KARL ROSENFIELD. Brilliant dark crimson. Blooms freely and one of the best of this color. Midseason. 1.50.
- Felix Crousse. Brilliant crimson with a deeper rubyred center. Blooms freely and vigorously. A very satisfactory variety. Midseason to late. 1.00.
- Festiva Maxima. Exceptionally large ivory-white flowers with a fleck of crimson in the center. Strong stems and foliage. Midseason. 1.00.
- Venus (Kelway). Exquisite pointed buds. Delicate shell-pink and white. Strong stems and free blooming quality. Very fine. Midseason. 1.00.

SINGLE PEONIES

- Helen. Stems very tall and erect with broad foliage. A double row of broad, cupped petals of deep shell-pink surround a mass of golden stamens. The earliest to bloom. 1.50.
- MISCHIEF. Clear, even pink flowers, borne in abundance on strong stems. Later than most singles and is attractive for a long time. 1.50.
- The Bride. Large, white flowers borne on strong stems. A fine variety. 1.00.

JAPANESE TYPE PEONIES

- Departing Sun. Broad petals of carmine-red. Stamens petal color, crested yellow. When seen in the light of setting sun, it fairly glows. 2.50.
- Isani Gidui. Rounded petals of pure white surround a compact cushion of golden stamens. Lovely white and gold effect. 3.00.

- PHLOX divaricata laphami, Lapham Sweetwilliam
 Phlox, 9-12 in. Soft blue flowers in May or early
 June make this a most desirable plant.
- P. frondosa, Hv. Vivid, 3-4 in. A fine low groundcover, with bright pink flowers in profusion in April or early May.
- P. lilacina, Hv. Stellaria, 4-6 in. Pink flowers in late spring.
- P. subulata alba, White Moss Phlox, 4-6 in. A ground carpeting plant with pure white flowers in April or early May.
- P. subulata, Hv. ALEXANDERS PINK, 6 in. Clear brilliant rose-pink, crimson eye. May.
- P. subulata, Hv. Appleblossom, 6 in. Appleblossom pink flowers on a neat low plant in May.
- P. subulata, Hv. Rose Unique. Prostrate form with clear pink flowers.
- P. subulata, Hv. Skyblue. Low growing mat with clear bluish flowers.
- P. ovata, Mountain Phlox, 12 in. Rose-red flowers in June and July. A neat compact plant, fine for rock garden.
- PHLOX, HARDY HORTICULTURAL VARIETIES. We list here a choice selection of fine garden Phlox, in the most popular colors.
 - Count Zeppelin. $2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. White with carmine eye. Mid-season.
 - Beacon, 2-3 ft. Brilliant cherry-red. Mid-season.
 - BRIGHT EYES, deep rose with dark eye. Large florets. Charles Curtis, brilliant crimson-red. Mid-season.
 - CHIEFTAN, deep rich oriental red.
 - Daily Sketch, late mid-season. Salmon pink, dark eye.
 - E. I. Farrington, 2-3 ft. Clear pink with dark eye. Mid-season.
 - Flash, early, tall, rich red in color.
 - Lillian, 2-3 ft. Fine pink, tracing of blue in center. Mid-season.
 - Mary Louise, $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. The best white. Large flowers July-August.
 - MIA RUYS, 1-1 $\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Pure white, large trusses, midseason.
 - Nahatan, dark violet with white center. Late.
- ROYAL PURPLE, rich shaded violet purple.
- Ruth May, $2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Very fine clear flesh pink. Late. Salmon Glow. Salmon pink with lighter eye.
- PHYSOSTEGIA virginiana, Hv. White, $2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Pure white, July-September.
- PLATYCODON grandiflorum, Balloonflower, 18-24 in. A dependable garden plant, with deep blue showy flowers in July-September.

- PODAPHYLLUM peltatum, Common Mayapple, 12-18 in. Curious native, large green leaves horizontally held and covering the white flowers in May, followed by a yellow edible fruit.
- SANGUINARIA canadensis, BLOODROOT. Woodland species, with delicate white flowers in earliest spring.
- SEDUM acre, Goldmoss Stonecrop, 3-4 in. Low rapid-spreading groundcover, yellow flowers, May-June.
- S. reflexum, Jenny Stonecrop. Makes a creeping carpet, with myriads of small yellow flowers.
- SEMPERVIVUM arachnoideum, Spiderweb House-Leek, 9-12 in. Red flowers in mid-summer, on a fleshy stalk rising from the curiously webbed rosettes.
- S. brauni, Brauns Houseleek, 7-8 in. Larger rosettes, with yellow flowers on a shorter stalk.
- SHORTIA galacifolia, Oconeebells, clumps 1.50 each, 9.00 per 10. See description, page 22.
- STOKESIA laevis, Stokesia, 18 in. Bright blue flowers in July and August.
- THERMOPSIS caroliniana, Carolina Thermopsis, 4-5 ft. Long terminal spikes of bright yellow peashaped flowers in June or July. A fine contrast when planted with delphiniums.
- THYMUS vulgaris, Common Thyme, 8-10 in. Lilac or purplish-lilac flowers in May-June. A popular herb, the leaves used in soup, meat and fish sauces, and vegetable dishes.
- TRILLIUM erectum, Purple Trillium, 12 in. Reddish-purple flowers in May. Prefers moist shade.
- T. grandiflorum, SNOW TRILLIUM, 12 in. Large pure white flowers in early spring (late April to early May). For wild garden or semi-shaded spot rich in humus.
- T. stylosum, Rose Trillium, 10-18 in. Large rose-pink nodding flowers in early spring.
- VERONICA latifolia, Hv. Royal Blue Speedwell, 12 in. Bright blue flower spikes in July. A fine garden plant.
- V. repens, Creeping Speedwell, 2 in. Dense vivid green carpet of tiny leaves. Abundance of pale blue flowers all summer.
- V. spicata nana, DWARF SPIKE SPEEDWELL, 6 in. Fine new variety with mass of blue flower-spikes in July-August.
- VIOLA cornuta, Hv. Jersey Gem, 7-9 in. Large showy violet-blue flowers all summer. A very popular perennial.

VINES

AKEBIA quinata, FIVELEAF AKEBIA

A twining vine with fragrant rosy-purple flowers in May.

2 yr. \$1.00 each

ARISTOLOCHIA durior, Common Dutchmanspipe

Rapid growing vine with large leaves, greenish-yellow flowers in May.

3 yr. \$1.50 each

CELASTRUS orbiculata punctata,

CHRISTMAS ORIENTAL BITTERSWEET

Fast growing twining vine; bright orange pods split, showing the scarlet fruit.

3 yr. \$1.50 each

CLEMATIS paniculata, Sweetautumn Clematis

Vigorous woody climber, with showy fragrant feathery flowers in Aug.-Sept.

3 yr. \$1.25 each

HEDERA helix, Hv. BALTIC IVY

Hardier than English Ivy. A fine ground cover for semi-shady places. Grows on north walls.

Pot grown \$1.00 each

LONICERA japonica halliana.

HALLS JAPANESE HONEYSUCKLE

Strong growing, with fragrant creamy-white flowers turning to buff-yellow. Flowers in June through September. Very good for ground cover on steep banks.

Strong plants \$.85 each

LONICERA heckrotti, Everblooming Honeysuckle

From June to September the handsome blossoms, reddish-purple outside and yellow inside are most attractive.

Strong plants \$1.50 each

PARTHENOCISSUS tricuspidata, Japanese Creeper

Clings firmly to masonry walls forming a dense cover. Orange and scarlet leaves in fall. Good for city conditions.

Pot grown \$1.00 each

WISTARIA sinensis, Chinese Wistaria

Long drooping clusters of blue-purple flowers in May and early June. An old favorite, deservedly popular.

Strong grafted plants \$2.50 each

WISTARIA sinensis alba, White Chinese Wistaria

Same as above, but with pure white flowers.

Strong grafted plants \$2.50 each



Photo by Herbert W. Gleason

Climbing Hydrangea on the Administration Building at the Arnold Arboretum.

CLIMBING HYDRANGEA

(Hydrangea petiolaris)

This superb vine is one of the world's finest climbing plants. It clings to stone or brick walls, or will twine on a post or tree. The showy white flower clusters in July give it spectacular beauty. Very hardy, and successful near the sea-shore where so many vines fail.

Strong potgrown plants \$1.75 each

Important:

Most vines are heavy feeders, and need plenty of nour-ishment to do well. Many times complete failure or unsatisfactory results follow planting in too small holes in poor soil.

We recommend digging a hole at least one foot across and fifteen or more inches deep. Place two or three inches of well rotted manure in the bottom of the hole and fill with rich loam.

Vines planted in a hole thus prepared will reward you with vigorous growth.

FRUIT TREES AND SMALL FRUITS

We offer here a careful selection of finest varieties for New England gardens. Most of them are not only productive but highly ornamental as well.

Note: Fruit trees are not covered by our guarantee.

APPLES, Standard.

2 vr. \$1.50 each

Baldwin — Bright red, crisp, winter apple.

Cortland — Bright red, spicier than McIntosh.

Delicious — Large red, keeps well.

Gravenstein — Red and yellow striped. Oct.

McIntosh Red — The favorite red autumn apple.
Northern Spy — Large red and yellow. Keeps well.
Yellow Delicious — Finest yellow apple.

^ APPLES, Dwarf.

2 yr. \$3.00 each

Baldwin — Bright red, winter. Delicious — Large red, autumn. McIntosh — The favorite.

CRABAPPLE.

2 yr. \$1.50 each

Hyslop - Dark crimson.

CHERRIES, Standard.

2 yr. \$2.00 each

Black Tatarian — Best sweet cherry, dark purple. Montmorency — Red. Best sour for pies.

CHERRY, Shrub.

3-4 ft. \$2.00 each

Manchu Cherry — Small red fruit, fine for jam, jelly or wine.

PEARS, Standard.

2 yr. \$1.75 each

Bartlett — Yellow, red blush. August.
Beurre Bosc — Russet-gold. Oct. and Nov.
- Clapps Favorite — Large, lemon yellow. Aug.
Seckel — Sweet small russet-brown. Oct.

~ PEARS, Dwarf.

2 yr. \$2.50 each

BARTLETT. CLAPPS FAVORITE.

PEACHES.

No. 1, 4-6 ft. \$1.25 each

ELBERTA — Popular yellow freestone. Sept. Golden Jubilee — Golden freestone. Late Aug. Hale Haven — Large yellow hardy freestone.

PLUMS, Standard.

2 vr. \$1.50 each

ABUNDANCE — Light yellow, fine flavor. Aug. Burbank — Dark violet-red, large. Aug. Shropshire Damson — Blue, heavy bearer. Aug.

PLUM, Shrub.

2-3 ft. \$1.75 each

Beach Plum — Famous in New England for jam and jelly making, see picture, Page 32.

QUINCE.

2 yr. \$1.50 each

Orange — A large yellow very productive quince.

Makes superb jelly.

BLUEBERRIES, Named varieties.

18-24 in. potted \$1.75 each 15.00 per 10

Use two or more varieties to assure cross polination for best results.

Sune — Fine early variety.

STANLEY — Heavy producer, midseason.

-Concord — Upright. Large delicious berries. Midseason.

ATLANTIC - Fine berries. Midseason to late.

> Jersey - Large fruit, fine flavor, late.

RASPBERRIES.

\$2.25 per 10, \$20.00 per 100

INDIAN SUMMER — Fine red everbearing.

- LATHAM - Large red firm berries in July.

STRAWBERRIES, Ask for Special Circular.

GRAPEVINES.

2 yr. \$.75 each Potted 1.20 each

Brighton — One of best reds, tender and juicy.

CAco — Very fine amber-red.

→Concord — Popular deep blue. Late.

Fredonia — Earliest blue-black, very fine.
Niagara — Large white, sweet.

ASPARAGUS.

2 yr. 25 for \$2.00 100 for 6.00

Mary Washington — Has become the most popular and dependable variety, with tender, rich-flavored stalks.

RHUBARB. Strong young roots \$.90 each

MacDonald — Fine and sweet, only mildly acid. Bright red stalks up to two feet long.

NUT TREES.

- Black Walnut 3-4 ft. \$2.25 each Hardy New England grown.

CHESTNUT, CHINESE 2-3 ft. \$3.50 each Blight resistant species bearing fine big tasty Chestnuts.



Grandfather Mountain, in North Carolina where some of our most rare and beautiful native plants are found.

LARGE SPECIMEN TREES

We offer here a selected list of large specimen trees we can furnish for immediate effect. No longer need you plant a small tree and wait years for real results. The fine large shade trees will give you effective shade this year during the hot summer months, will really make your whole place cooler and more usable, will cast a pleasing pattern of light and shadow on your lawn.

The specimen evergreens will give you color and warmth in winter, rich bright green colors and cooling shade in summer, will add year-round luxuriance to your landscape.

Prices given are net, dug with a firm ball, burlapped and loaded on our tree moving equipment. Delivery and installation costs will vary according to distance involved, and soil conditions and accessibility of the proposed planting locations. We will gladly submit estimates.

SHADE TREES

EVERGREENS

ACER rubrum, RED MAPLE	JUNIPERUS virginiana, Redcedar				
18-20 ft. 4-5 in. caliper \$ 80.00 each	12-14 ft				
24-28 ft. 6-7 in. caliper 140.00 each	14-16 ft				
32-36 ft. 8-9 in. caliper	16-18 ft				
	18-20 ft				
QUERCUS borealis, Northern Red Oak	22-30 ft individually priced				
18-20 ft. 4-5 in. caliper 85.00 each	PINUS resinosa, RED PINE				
24-28 ft. 6-7 in. caliper 150.00 each	16-18 ft				
32-36 ft. 8-9 in. caliper 235.00 each	18-20 ft				
TILIA cordata, Littleleaf Linden	PINUS strobus, WHITE PINE				
26-30 ft. 8-9 in, caliper	16-18 ft				
26-30 ft. 8-9 in. caliper	18-20 ft				
KIK MEKIC	20-24 ft				
ULMUS americana, American Elm	24-28 ft				
18-20 ft. 4-5 in. caliper 70.00 each					
24-28 ft. 6-7 in. caliper 125.00 each	TSUGA caroliniana, Carolina Hemlock				
32-36 ft. 8-9 in. caliper 190.00 each	26-30 ftindividually priced				

Descriptions of the trees on this page will be found under their names in the General Alphabetical Listing. Some other varieties are available in limited quantities.

Lists of Plants for Special Environments and Purposes

BERRY BEARING PLANTS

Plantings for Birds. Birds add beauty and song to the gardens, and are of greatest value in curbing insect damage. Every garden should include plants that provide natural bird food and cover. We know what these plants are and will gladly help you plan their proper use. This list includes only berry-bearing plants. It should be realized that most of the Pines, Firs, Spruces and other evergreens attract certain seed-eating birds, especially in fall and winter.

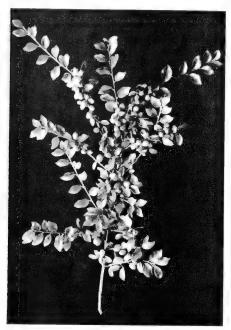


FOTO BY HERBERT W. GLEASON

Cotoneaster divaricata

Amelanchier laevis, purple or nearly black Amelanchier oblongifolia, black Aronia arbutifolia, red Aronia melanocarpa, black Arctostaphyllos uvaursi, bright red

Berberis koreana, red Berberis sieboldi, bright red Berberis thunbergi, red Berberis thun. atropurpurea, red

Chionanthus virginicus, dark blue Cornus alternifolia, dark blue Cornus florida, scarlet Cornus racemosa, white Cornus sanguinea, purple-black Cornus stolonifera, white Cotoneaster divaricata, red Cotoneaster horizontalis, red Cotoneaster microphylla, scarlet Crataegus arnoldiana, crimson Crataegus crusgalli, bright red Crataegus phaenopyrum, scarlet

Daphne mezereum, red

Euonymus alatus, orange-red Euonymus alatus, Hv. Dwarf, orange red Euonymus europaeus, red or pink and orange

Euonymus latifolius, bright red and orange

Euonymus maacki, pink and orange

Gaylussacia brachycera, blue

Ilex glabra, black Ilex verticillata, bright red

Juniperus chinensis sargenti, blue Juniperus communis depressa, blue Juniperus horizontalis, light blue Juniperus horizontalis douglasi, blue Juniperus horizontalis plumosa, blue Juniperus virginiana, blue

Ligustrum amurense, black
Ligustrum ibolium, black
Lonicera korolkowi, bright red
Lonicera maacki, red
Lonicera, Hv. Red Tatarian, red
Lonicera, Hv. Rosy Tatarian, light red
Lonicera, Hv. White Tatarian, red

Malus atrosanguinea, red
Malus baccata, red or yellow
Malus baccata mandshurica, dark scarlet
Malus, Hv. Dolgo, bright red
Malus floribunda, yellow
Malus floribunda, Hv. Bob White, yellow
Malus, Hv. Hopa, red
Malus micromalus, yellow

Malus purpurea, Hv. Eley, purple Malus robusta, red Mitchella repens, scarlet Morus alba tatarica, red Myrica pensylvanica, waxy-white

Phellodendron sachalinense, black Photinia villosa, bright red Prunus maritima, purple Prunus tomentosa, red

Rhamnus davurica, black Rosa hugonis, red Rosa rugosa, brick-red Rosa setigera, red

Sorbus aucuparia, orange-red Sorbus commixta, bright red Sorbus intermedia, orange-red Symphoricarpos albus, white Symphoricarpos orbiculatus, red

Taxus canadensis, red Taxus cuspidata (spreading), red Taxus cuspidata (upright), red Taxus cuspidata nana, red Taxus media, Hv. Hicks, red

Vaccinium corymbosum, blue-black Vaccinium vitisidaea majus, dark-red Vaccinium vitisidaea minus, red Viburnum dentatum, blue Viburnum dilatatum, scarlet Viburnum lentago, blue-black Viburnum sargenti, scarlet Viburnum trilobum, scarlet

Vines

Akebia quinata, purple-violet Celastrus orb. punctata, orange and red Lonicera jap. halliana, black Parthenocissus tricuspidata, blue-black

PLANTS FOR AUTUMN COLORING

The plants in this list are especially valuable for the great variety of their foliage colors in autumn. This autumn coloring gives added value in the garden in the season when flowers are few and far between. New England is famous for its autumn coloring and many of the plants listed below have contributed to that fame, especially Red Maple, (Acer rubrum), Sugar Maple, (Acer saccharum), Birches, (Betula in var.), Dogwood, (Cornus in var.), Blueberry (Vaccinium), and the Oaks (Quercus).

Acer ginnala, red Acer platanoides, yellow Acer rubrum, red, rarely yellow Acer saccharum, scarlet-orange or yellow Amelanchier laevis, purplish-red Arctostaphylos uvaursi, red-purple Aronia arbutifolia, red Aronia melanocarpa, red Azalea arborescens, red Azalea obtusa, reddish-purple Azalea obtusa kaempferi, crimson Azalea schlippenbachi, yellow, orange or red Azalea vaseyi, red Azalea yedoensis poukhanensis, reddishpurple

Berberis koreana, deep red Berberis sieboldi, vinous red Berberis thunbergi, brilliant red Berberis thunbergi atropurpurea, purple-red Betula nigra, yellow Betula papyrifera, yellow Betula pendula, yellow Betula pendula gracilis, yellow Betula populifolia, yellow

Calluna vulgaris, Hv. Cuprea, bronze
Carpinus betulus, yellow
Carpinus carolinianum, yellow
Chionanthus virginicus, bright yellow
Cladrastis lutea, yellow
Clethra alnifolia, red
Cornus in variety, red
Cotoneaster horizontalis, red
Crataegus arnoldiana, red
Crataegus crusgalli, orange and scarlet
Crataegus phaenopyrum, bright red

Euonymus alatus, brilliant red Euonymus alatus, Hv. Dwarf, red Euonymus europaeus, red Fagus sylvatica, yellow Forsythia ovata, wine colored

Galax aphylla, scarlet Gaylussacia brachycera, red Ginkgo biloba, yellow Gymnocladus dioicus, yellow

Halesia monticola, yellow Hamamelis vernalis, yellow Hamamelis virginiana, yellow

Juniperus horizontalis douglasi, pale purple

Juniperus horizontalis plumosa, purple

Leucothoe catesbaei, red

Oxydendron arboreum, brilliant scarlet

Phellodendron sachalinense, bright yellow

Photinia villosa, bright red

Quercus borealis, dark red Quercus palustris, briliant red

Rhododendron carolinianum, red Rhododendron mucronulatum, scarlet

Sorbus commixta, red Spiraea prunifolia, orange Spiraea thunbergi, orange and scarlet Symphoricarpos orbiculatus, red Syringa oblata dilatata, vinous red

Vaccinium corymbosum, red Viburnum carlesi, deep wine-red Viburnum dentatum, red Viburnum dilatatum, dull-red Viburnum sargenti, red Viburnum trilobum, red

Zanthorhiza apiifolia, yellow



Amelanchier laevis



Azalea arborescens



BEACH PLUM — Prunus maritima

РНОТО ВУ Н. Р. К.

PLANTS FOR DRY SOILS

Often it is extremely difficult to find plants that will thrive in soil that is quite dry. These plants are among the best for such situations and when established seem to enjoy well-drained and rather dry soil, although many will do well under moist soil conditions and may also be found in that list.

Ailanthus altissima Arctostaphylos uvaursi Betula populifolia Calluna, in variety Genista pilosa Juniperus, in variety Lonicera japonica halliana

Myrica pensyvanica
Picea pungens
Pinus mugo mughus
Pinus resinosa
Pinus strobus
Pinus strobus pyramidalis
Prunus maritima

Robinia kelseyi Rosa rugosa Rosa setigera Sophora japonica Symphoricarpos albus Symphoricarpos orbiculatus Xanthorhiza apiifolia

PLANTS FOR SEASHORE CONDITIONS

IN PLANTING nursery stock near the shore it is advisable to select plants that will withstand the attacks of ocean winds and salt spray. Only comparatively resistant kinds are listed here, and even these will sometimes suffer in the most severe seashore exposures. Many others will do well near the seashore with a little more protection.

Acer rubrum Amelanchier in variety Arctostaphylos uvaursi Berberis in variety Betula in variety Calluna in variety Celastrus orbiculata puncata Clethra in variety Cornus, shrub forms Cotoneaster in variety Crataegus in variety Erica carnea Euonymus alatus Euonymus alatus, Hv. Dwarf Forsythia in variety Hydrangea in variety Hydrangea petiolaris Ilex glabra

Ligustrum in variety Lonicera japonica halliana Lonicera sempervirens Lonicera tatarica, in variety Malus in variety Myrica carolinensis Picea asperata Picea engelmanni Picea glauca Picea pungens Picea pungens glauca Pinus densiflora Pinus mugo mughus Pinus nigra Pinus resinosa Pinus sylvestris Pinus thunbergi

Juniperus in variety

Populus in variety Prunus in variety Rhamnus in variety Rhododendron laetivirens Robinia in variety Rosa in variety Salix in variety Sorbus in variety Spiraea in variety Syringa in variety Taxus in variety Tilia cordata Ulmus americana Ulmus pumila Vaccinium in variety Viburnum in variety Weigela florida Wistaria sinensis

PLANTS FOR MOIST SOILS

Many plants will not stand a location that is quite moist a great deal of the time. These varieties, however, seem to enjoy considerable moisture if proper drainage is provided. In many cases it increases their growth and gives them finer foliage.

Care must be used in choosing varieties that will best suit your particular location and we are prepared to help you plan correctly.

Abies in variety
Acer in variety
Ailanthus altissima
Amelanchier in variety
Aronia, in variety
Azalea arborescens
Azalea calendulacea
Azalea nudiflora
Azalea vaseyi
Azalea viscosa

Berberis in variety Betula nigra

Carpinus in variety Chaenomeles lagenaria Chamaedaphne calyculata Chionanthus virginicus Clethra alnifolia Clethra alnifolia rosea Cornus racemosa Cornus sanguinea Cornus stolonifera

Epigaea repens Erica carnea Euonymus in variety

Fagus in variety Forsythia in variety

Gaylussacia brachycera

Halesia monticola Hamamelis in variety Hydrangea in variety

Ilex glabra Ilex verticillata

Kalmia angustifolia Kalmia latifolia Kerria japonica Kerria japonica, Hv. Double Kolkwitzia amabilis

Leucothoe catesbaei Lonicera korolkowi Lyonia mariana

Malus in variety

Oxydendrum arboreum

Pieris floribunda Pieris japonica Pinus strobus Pinus strobus pyramidalis Populus in variety Prunus triloba

Quercus palustris

Rhamnus davurica Rhododendron maximum Rosca setigera

Salix in variety Sophora japonica Sorbus commixta Sorbus intermedia Spiraea prunifolia Spiraea thunbergi Symphoricarpos albus Symphoricarpos orbiculatus Syringa oblata dilatata Syringa villosa

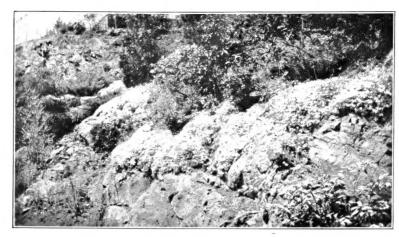
Thuja in variety

Ulmus americana

Vaccinium corymbosum Viburnum dentatum Viburnum trilobum



Some of the most interesting effects are possible when there is water in the landscape.



A fine naturalistic rock garden planting designed and planted by Harlan P. Kelsey, Inc.

PLANTS SUITABLE FOR ROCK GARDENS

EVERY Rock Garden has problems of its own. No list of this nature can in any way be complete — it can merely suggest a few of the varieties that are being successfully used in the finest American Rock Gardens. Herbaceous perennials are not included, as use of the various kinds depends on the type and size of the rock garden. We will gladly make recommendations of perennials to use for given types of rock gardens.

Arctostaphyllos uvaursi
Azalea obtusa
Azalea yedoensis poukhanensis
Calluna in variety
Cotoneaster horizontalis
Cotoneaster microphylla
Daphne cneorum
Daphne mezereum
Epigaea repens
Erica carnea
Galax aphylla
Gaylussacia brachycera

Genista pilosa
Juniperus chinensis sargenti
Juniperus communis depressa
Juniperus communis hibernica
Juniperus communis suecica
Juniperus horizontalis
Juniperus horizontalis douglasi
Juniperus horizontalis plumosa
Leiophyllum buxifolium prostratum
Mitchella repens
Pachistima canbyi
Pachysandra terminalis

Picea, Dwarf Alberta Spruce Pieris floribunda Pieris japonica Pinus mugo mughus Rhododendron laetivirens Shortia galacifolia Taxus in variety Thuja, Booth Globe Thuja, Douglas Pyramidal Vaccinium vitisidaea majus Vaccinium vitisidaea minus Vinca in variety



The beautiful and hardy Yodogawa Azalea (Azalea yedoensis poukhanensis) at the Arnold Arboretum

GROUNDCOVER PLANTS

A list such as this cannot hope to cover all kinds of plants that may be used as groundcovers. In large landscape projects such plants as Mountainlaurel Kalmia, (Kalmia latifolia), many varieties of medium to tall growing shrubs and the like might be used for broad groundcover effects.

Our intention here is not to cover this kind of use, but to indicate the plants that are useful as groundcovers in the commonly accepted sense of the word. In general, therefore, the list is limited to plants which rarely exceed three feet in height, even in maturity. There are some exceptions, in the case of such plants as Dwarf Japanese Yew (Taxus cuspidata nana), which, although eventually it would normally reach five or six feet in height, can be maintained almost indefinitely by pruning at a height of two feet or less.

For your convenience in choosing the kind of groundcover best suited for your purpose, we have indicated the approximate normal height of the plants listed as follows.

Where two letters occur it indicates a variable species, some individuals of which are lower than others.

P — prostrate or trailing

M — one to two feet tall

S — less than one foot tall

L - over two feet tall

Evergreens

- P Juniperus chinensis sargenti
- sm Juniperus communis depressa
- P Juniperus horizontalis
- P Juniperus horizontalis douglasi
- s Juniperus horizontalis plumosa
- м Juniperus sabina
- SL Pinus mugo mughus
- M Taxus canadensis
- ML Taxus cuspidata nana

Deciduous Shrubs

- м Azalea obtusa
- L Azalea vedoensis poukhanensis
- м Genista pilosa
- L Myrica pensylvanica
- L Rosa rugosa
- ML Xanthorhiza simplicissima

Vines

- M Celastrus orbiculata punctata
- P Hedera helix, Hv. Baltic Ivy
- PS Lonicera japonica halliana

->>>

We are always glad to advise on special problems.

For descriptions of plants in these special lists please refer to general alphabetical listings.



The BEARBERRY, Arctostaphylos uvaursi, taking possession of a sand bank on Cape Cod. Our most beautiful Hardy Trailing Groundcover.

Broadleaf Evergreens

- P Arctostaphyllos uvaursi
- м Calluna in variety
- s Calluna vulgaris nana
- L Chamaedaphne (for moist places)
- s Cotoneaster horizontalis
- м Cotoneaster microphylla
- s Daphne cneorum
- P Epigaea repens
- s Erica carnea
- s Galax aphylla
- PS Gavlussacia brachycera
- ML Kalmia angustifolia

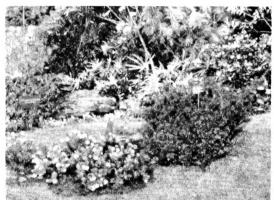
- ь Leucothoe catesbaei
- р Mitchella repens
- s Pachistima canbyi
- s Pachysandra terminalis
- ь Pieris floribunda
- L Rhododendron laetivirens
- P Shortia galacifolia
- rs Vaccinium vitisidaea majus
- P Vaccinium vitisidaea minus
- P Vinca minor
- P Vinca minor alba
- P Vinca minor, Hv. Bowles



Views of
KELSEY'S
Prize-Winning Exhibit
at the 1952
New England
Spring Flower Show

Awarded the Gold Medal
of the
Horticultural Society
of New York
for the most beautiful exhibit
in the entire show.

Also awarded the Gold Medal
of the
Massachusetts Horticultural
Society





HARLAN P. KELSEY, INC.

KELSEY-HIGHLANDS NURSERY

EAST BOXFORD, MASSACHUSETTS
Telephone Topsfield 71